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No. 34042.

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1948.

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BERLIN TENSION INCREASED

Russians Fear Further Attacks On Police

RAILWAY SERVICEABLE

Now barbed wire road blocks and extra forces of armed guards were thrown around the Russian military headquarters and housing areas for Soviet soldier families as a result of increased tension in Berlin, it was reported today.

Germans living in the Karlshorst area of the Russian sector, where the troops and their families are housed, said all street entrances were blockaded and guarded since Monday's attack on the Soviet sector police by German civilians.

At the same time, the Russians intensified the East-West struggle in the German capital by the service of demands on the Berlin city assembly which would be tantamount to complete financial and economic control of Berlin and its government.

Unofficial sources said the Russians told the city assembly that blocked funds of the western sector would be released if the authorities in western Berlin agreed to grant complete financial authority to the Soviet-dominated German note bank.

Financial Blow

The Russians froze all Soviet east deutschemark accounts of the city government and private industry in the Western zone as of August 1. These funds are deposited in the Central Bank in the Soviet sector.

The freezing order was a heavy financial blow to the western sectors because 75 percent of all salaries in the western sectors must be paid in east marks according to an agreement. As a result, salaries and wages for 750,000 workers in

the western zone for the last half of July due on August 1 had not been paid.

The sources said agreement by the Western authorities to the Soviet demand would give the Russians complete control through the payrolls of the entire Berlin administration and the police as well as industry.

An American financial advisor said the United States authorities were trying to find some solution to offset the Soviet move. However, Western sources said they hesitated to take drastic steps while negotiations to settle the East-West deadlock on Berlin and Germany were being carried on with Premier Stalin.

News of the message came as seven American Flying Fortresses joined in the last hope search for the giant Latécoëre-631 flying boat missing over the Atlantic off the west coast of Africa since Sunday.—Reuter.

Gustav Klingelhoefer, city councillor for economics, said the Russians were in desperate need for products from western Berlin to keep plants in their zone in operation.

Gen. Robertson, British Commander in Germany, was called to London suddenly today for Foreign Office consultations believed to be connected with the Moscow negotiations.

Gen. Robertson was scheduled to leave early by plane, unaccompanied by his advisers. No details were available on the reasons for the unexpected summons.

Gen. Robertson was present in London early last week when the three Western occupation powers decided on their new approach to the Kremlin which resulted in conversations with Premier Stalin on Monday night.

It was believed that Gen. Robertson may have been summoned to give views on possible suggestions made by Stalin for solving the East-West conflict in Berlin and Germany.

Rail Serviceable

Stalin's answers are being studied by the governments of Britain, France and the United States.

For the first time Soviet sources admitted the Berlin-Holzminden railway, closed to Western traffic 47 days ago for "technical" reasons, was serviceable.

The Soviet-licensed Berliner Zeitung said a special train from the Western zone would pass through on its way to Leipzig for the fair there beginning August 29.

Another German language newspaper quoted railway officials as saying the Berlin-Marienborn section of the line—the portion reported out of order—was open and would be used by the Leipzig train.—United Press.

tors, June and Kathleen, aged 10 and 15 respectively.

A full list of the children on board follows:

Pauline Margaret Kate Brown, Anthony Henry Britton Evans, June Margaret Vera Davis, Kathleen Clara Nellie Davis, Ronald Alan Adamson, Mary Addis Adamson, Elizabeth Mary Agnes Perry, Ann Lillian Perry, Gerald Well, Bernard Well, Irene Jennifer Lillian Geoffrey Bruce Valentine, Thomas Anthony Peter, Diana, Audrey Streetfield, Peter Colman, Angus Neil Mackenzie, Marianne Hill, Christopher John Shepherd Webb, Michael Burson, David Lewis Baker, Robia Ashby Ballale Cooke, Vincent John Dalton, Rhonwyn Howells, Gillian Howells, Linda Margaret Bainbridge, Gillian Hall, John Whinfield, Bryan Ivan Duck, David Sommerville, John Anthony Dennis Lowe, Jennifer McLaren and Anthony Davis.

China Mail picture below shows the children disembarking from the Skymaster at Kai Tak yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. R.L.S. Webb met their 8½-year-old son John, whom they have not seen for 2½ years. He is at Borkhamsted School.

Mr. and Mrs. S.J. Crooke were there to greet their only son Robin, aged 16, and Mr. and Mrs. D.C. Davis met their two daughters.

A Skymaster plane carrying 32 children arrived at Kai Tak airport yesterday afternoon after a five-day trip from England. The aircraft, owned by Braathens SAFE Air Transport, had made a special flight for the purpose of bringing schoolchildren on holiday in England to join their parents in Hong Kong.

At the airport, an anxious and excited crowd of parents, aunts and uncles had gathered an hour before the plane's arrival, and at 4:30 p.m. watched it circle overhead before making a smooth landing. As the Skymaster taxied over towards the airport immigration offices, children's faces appeared pressed against the inside windows, and a few moments later they were allowed to climb out to their waiting relatives.

Among the parents at the airport yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. J.P. Whitefield, who met their 10-year-old son John Whitefield, on holiday from King's School, Canterbury. John, he has not been back to Hong Kong since 1940.

Mr. and Mrs. R.L.S. Webb met their 8½-year-old son John, whom they have not seen for 2½ years. He is at Borkhamsted School.

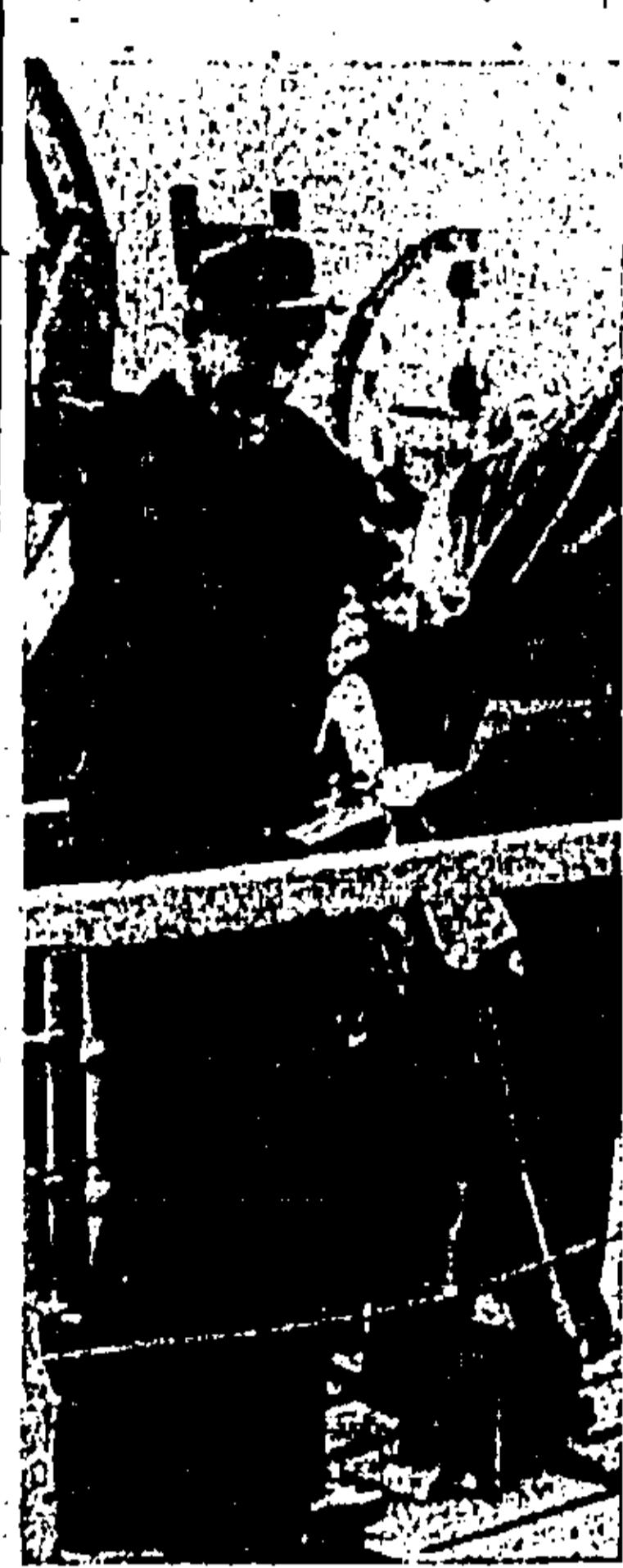
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PICTURE OF THE DAY

Otto Goes Home



The last batch of German prisoners in England were repatriated a fortnight ago. Four hundred and fifty in number they were, the last of a batch of 200,000 sent back in the last seven months. Our picture shows Otto Jager, the last man to board the "Biarritz" for Hamburg.

BORDER PATROL EXPLODES MINES

More than 20 Chinese soldiers were killed and wounded on Tuesday when a border patrol walked into a mine field near the Kowloon frontier.

Six seriously wounded men were sent to the Kowloon Hospital on Tuesday night for treatment. One 35-year-old Private Wang Chai, died at 10:30 a.m. yesterday.

Reports from the New Territories border said that the explosion of the land mines occurred in Chinese territory opposite Ping Shan.

The mines said the report, were laid by either bandits or smugglers.

Several Killed

A Chinese military patrol, consisting of more than 20 men, was assigned to the area in connection with the Chinese bandit suppression.

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THE OLYMPICS

Swede Proves Himself Best All-Round Sport And Also Most Modest

London, August 4. Captain Willi Grut, 34-year-old Swedish artillery officer, today won the five-event Olympic modern pentathlon with a new record total of 16 points—two points below the previous best.

In achieving this feat, which gives him the title of the greatest all-round sportsman in the world, he completed the cross-country run of 4,000 metres in 15 minutes 28.9 seconds to finish eighth.

First in the cross-country race was another Swede, Lieutenant K. S. Wohlin, who returned the excellent time of 14 minutes 9.9 seconds.

Many friends and admirers were at the finish to cheer when Captain Grut, proud father of two children, came in.

Not only does Captain Grut now hold the Olympic record, he is also the only man ever to have won three of the events—swimming, riding and fencing. And not only is he the toughest sportsman in the world, but he also holds an unofficial record for being the most modest.

He does not like talking about his successes, says he would prefer to see publicity given to inventors and agriculturists who benefit humanity.

The final placing in the modern pentathlon championship were:

1st—Captain W. Grut (Sweden) with an aggregate of 16 points.

2nd—Major G. Moore (United States) 47 points.

3rd—Lieutenant H. Barden (Sweden) 49 points.

4th—Lieutenant L. Vilkko (Finland) 64 points.

5th—Major H. Tarkas (Finland) 71 points.

6th—Lieutenant B. H. H. (Switzerland) 74 points.

Harris' Challenge

Reg Harris, the world cycling sprint champion, will challenge the British National Cyclists' Union's right to drop him from the British Olympic team.

The Committee cancelled his nomination last night because he left the official track training quarters at Horns Hill, London, on Tuesday last week to train on roads near Manchester, and failed to return to the stipulated time last night.

"If I do not get satisfaction from the National Cyclists' Union, I shall take the matter to his higher authority. If necessary, I shall see Lord Burghley, the Chairman of the Olympic Games Organising Committee," Harris said today.

Harris added that he was prepared to ride in the Olympics after all the training and special preparations he had carried out. Just before leaving his home for London, he said, "Unless the Committee have a better ride, I have not been beaten yet—they have no right to withdraw my name."

He said that whatever happened at the Olympics, it would not interfere with his plans for defending his world title at Holterton later this month.

Wonder Athlete

Holland's wonder woman athlete, Mrs. Fanny Blankers-Koen, today withdrew from the Olympic women's long jump, an event for which she holds the world record. She wished to conserve her strength for today's final of the 80 metres hurdles in which yesterday she set up a new Olympic time and equalled the world record.

An Olympic glider contest and a 40-kilometre (25 miles, 1,000 yards) Marathon through a format are among the plans already formed for the 1952 Olympic Games in Helsinki, M. Eric Von Frenckell, President of the Finnish Olympic Organising Committee, disclosed today.

Basketball

A bunch of Belgian basketballs today pasted Chile's first defeat on the tall South American team by a score of 38-36.

High scorers for Chile were Raffo and Sanchez, both of whom scored seven and played magnificently. Figueiro was next with six points.

For Belgium, Pope scored nine, Hermann got eight and Babb seven.

Chile's defeat tangles up the standing in Group A and Belgium, Chile, herself, Chile, Korea and the Philippines all have good chances to win their way into the championship final.

Truck And Field

R. M. Hobbs of Argentina, blond graceful javelin thrower, lost out in the qualifying round by 18 centimetres (about seven inches). Bob J. Jitens, U.S.A., squeezed into the final, although the qualifying round, with 61.00 metres (200 ft. 11 in.), came in 10th place, 1.62 metres (5 ft. 3 in.) behind Hobbs.

Both Hobbs and Jitens were

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PHOTO FINISH IN WOMEN'S 80-M HURDLES

London, August 4. Fanny Blankers-Koen, of the Netherlands, today became the first double Olympic champion of 1948 when she won the 80-metre hurdles from Maureen Gardner, of Britain, in a world's record-breaking time.

Both the Dutch star and the Briton were timed in 11.2/10th secs., which broke the former record of 11.3/10th secs. that

Mrs. Blankers-Koen shared with Miss C. Testoni, of Italy.

The Dutch woman was declared the winner in a photo finish.

Mrs. Shirley Strickland, of Australia, was third.

The Dutch housewife, who won the women's 100-metre dash, withdrew from the women's broad jump this morning to conserve energy for the hurdles.—United Press.

I. B. de Fonseca, one minute 11.3 seconds; 3rd, A. Kovar, Czechoslovakia, one minute 12.9 seconds; 4th, C. Norlén, Uruguay.

Diving

The standings in the men's high diving at the end of the four compulsory dives were:

1. Sammy Lee (U.S.A.) 51.51 points; 2. Rejeo Harlan (U.S.A.) 3.00 points; 3. J. Kovar (Czechoslovakia); 4. V. Kovar (Czechoslovakia); 5. M. Hadošová (Czechoslovakia); 6. A. Picchini (Italy); 8. I. V. Zwinkopf Mello de Preiss (Argentina) 12.04 metres (30 ft. 6 in.); 9. A. Eruk (Austria); 10. S. Laurent (France); 11. M. Schlafer (Australia) and 12. P. Schaefer (Australia).

Women's Broad Jump (Qualifying Round)

1. Monique Oosterwyk (France) 13.14 metres (43 ft. 1 1/2 in.); 2. P. Veste (France) 13.00 metres (42 ft. 1 in.); 3. E. Olson (Great Britain); 4. J. Komarikova (Czechoslovakia); 5. M. Hadošová (Czechoslovakia); 6. A. Picchini (Italy); 8. I. V. Zwinkopf Mello de Preiss (Argentina) 12.04 metres (30 ft. 6 in.); 9. A. Eruk (Austria); 10. S. Laurent (France); 11. M. Schlafer (Australia) and 12. P. Schaefer (Australia).

Women's Broad Jump (Qualifying Round)

1. Y. A. Curlet Chabot (France) 3.04 metres (10 ft. 6 1/2 in.); 2. K. M. Russell (Jamaica) 5.01 metres (16 ft. 4 1/2 in.); 3. N. Simonetto (Italy) 4.70 metres (15 ft. 3 in.); 4. A. B. Levy (U.S.A.) 4.50 metres (14 ft. 9 in.); 5. V. V. Radek (Czechoslovakia); 6. V. V. Radek (Czechoslovakia); 7. A. Picchini (Italy); 8. I. V. Zwinkopf Mello de Preiss (Argentina) 4.43 metres (14 ft. 10 in.); 9. Vo. O. Gyarmati (Hungary); 10. N. J. Varela (Netherlands); 11. R. Maria Oberreiter (Austria); 12. Emma Reed (U.S.A.) 5.2 metres (17 ft. 4 in.); 13. Judith Alia Carty (Australia) 5.21 metres (17 ft. 4 1/2 in.).

Private Hospitals Are Not Equipped To Deal With Poisoning Cases

FUNERAL OF CRASH VICTIM

The funeral of Mr. K. B. MacDuff, Second Officer of the Catalina flying-boat which crashed off Macao on July 16 last, will be held at 4 p.m. today at the Colonial Cemetery.

The pall bearers will include eight Captains of the Cathay Pacific Airways fleet. The body of Mr. MacDuff, brought from Macao, was taken to the cemetery chapel yesterday.

An unconfirmed report last night said that the results of the official enquiry into the disaster in which 20 passengers and crew were killed will be ready for publication by the end of the week.

The Hong Kong-Macao air service, operated by the Macao Airtransport Company, will be resuscitated immediately after the publication of the results.

The "China Mail" learned that more evidence of the piracy attempt which allegedly caused the crash has been collected by the Macao police.

No decision has yet been made whether to charge the master suspect in a Portuguese or British Court of Justice.

The area where the flying-boat crashed is still being dredged under the supervision of Macao's Harbour Master. But up to yesterday, no further bodies had been recovered.

DEATH ON CLEVELAND

New York, August 3. Supreme Court Justice Lloyd Church died today aboard the liner President Cleveland, midway between Yokohama and Shanghai en route to Shanghai, according to information received by the ship's agents.

Justice Church, who was 58 years old, was on a holiday trip.—United Press.



Hair looks better...
scalp feels better...
when you check
Dry Scalp

It is not the policy of the Hong Kong Sanatorium and the Tung Wah Hospital to receive and treat casualty or poisoning cases. If they are required to do this then their whole policy would have to be reorientated.

This statement was made by Dr. G. H. Thomas, the Director of Medical Services, in an interview with the "China Mail" yesterday, when he was asked to comment on the verdict at the inquest on the death of Fung Kwan, an 18-year-old married woman who died from lysis poisoning on June 18.

She was refused treatment first at the Hong Kong Sanatorium and later at the Tung Wah Eastern Hospital.

"The public does not seem to realise that these are not public hospitals. The Hong Kong Sanatorium is a private concern, and the Tung Wah is a charitable institution. They are residential hospitals, and are not equipped to attend to police or poisoning cases."

The Queen Mary Hospital on the Island and the Kowloon Hospital on the mainland are the only two institutions in the Colony to deal with such cases, and the sooner the public is made aware of the fact, the better, so that there won't be similar mistakes and misunderstandings again.

24-Hour Service

"For the private hospitals to be able to take on casualty cases, they would have to have a 24-hour service, with the requisite personnel and apparatus available at all hours of the day and night to be in readiness for these emergency cases. Government or someone would have to foot the bill for this service."

"Again, doctors would have to be trained to go to Court to give evidence, and to do post-mortems."

"If it was a case of bleeding or fractures, then these private hospitals can readily render first aid to patients, and then send them to Queen Mary or the Kowloon Hospital for further treatment or hospitalisation."

Virulent Poison

"But for a lysis poisoning case, there is no first-aid—no middle of the road course. A virulent poison of this nature demands instant action—stomach tube, enemas, antitoxins, a doctor at least three attendants. And when a hospital does not have these available at a moment's call, then what else can it do but advise the patient to go as quickly as possible to the Queen Mary."

"A heavy dose of lysis is a 90 per cent mortality case. Just die your fingers in lysis; you don't need to swallow it, and you will get an idea what hope there is for the victim."

Dr. Thomas deplored the lack of more facilities for treating these casualty cases, but, he added, as things are at present, the private hospitals are to be required to take on this service as well, an entire reorientation of policy is required.

Dr. Li Shu-fan, Superintendent of the Hong Kong Sanatorium, interviewed by the "China Mail," explained the position of the Sanatorium in more or less similar lines.

Far Too Common

Dealing with lysis poisoning cases Dr. Li said unfortunately such cases are far too common in the Colony. Death is not usually immediate, and the policy of the Sanatorium has been to render first-aid where possible, but the only satisfactory solution has been to send the case without delay to the Queen Mary.

"We have not the equipment and the staff to deal with emergency cases of this nature, and we feel that until and unless Government

Tried To Steal Purse

A sentence of six months' imprisonment to be followed by banishment was given by Mr. F. X. d'Almada at Central yesterday when he sentenced Li Tak, aged 17, for attempted piracy of a purse, the property of a rickshaw-coolie, in the early hours of yesterday on Des Voeux Road Central.

Inspector Hill, who prosecuted

said that defendant, who was

with another not in custody, tried

to take the purse of complainant

who was asleep in his rickshaw.

The coolie, who was a light

sleep, was awakened and im-

mediately gave the alarm and

defendant was arrested by a

police constable.

COULD NOT REMEMBER INCIDENT

Declaring that he could not remember the incident and that nothing he had done appeared to be dangerous, driving Lieutenant R. L. McClements pleaded not guilty at Central yesterday.

Defendant was summoned before Mr. F. X. d'Almada for over-taking on a left-hand bend in Stubbs Road near the Ho Tung Gardens.

After evidence was given by

Mr. F. P. Franklin and Mr. M. Tigho, the case was adjourned until Saturday, when the court will visit the scene of the alleged incident.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

6.00 P.M. 9.00 P.M.

THE KAMALA CIRCUS

Location: CAUSEWAY BAY, CORNER OF TAI HANG ROAD (Opposite Saint Paul's Hospital)

NEW WATERPROOF TENT BIGGER AND BETTER THAN EVER

THE SHOW THAT IS PACKED FULL OF SENSATIONAL THRILLS. OUR WONDER GIRLS RISKING AND BRAVING DEATH NIGHTLY IN THE STAND CYCLE ACT AND THE GLOBE OF DEATH WILL GIVE YOU SUCH A THRILL THAT YOU WILL FOREVER REMEMBER.

SEE MISS DEVONI, OUR 8 YEARS OLD WONDER CHILD IN VARIOUS BALANCING ACTS. A CHILD YOU WILL GREATLY LOVE AND ADMIRE. OUR PERFORMING ANIMALS WILL GIVE YOU A NIGHT OF CLEAN FUN AND OUR CLOWNS WILL KEEP YOU ROARING WITH LAUGHTERS.

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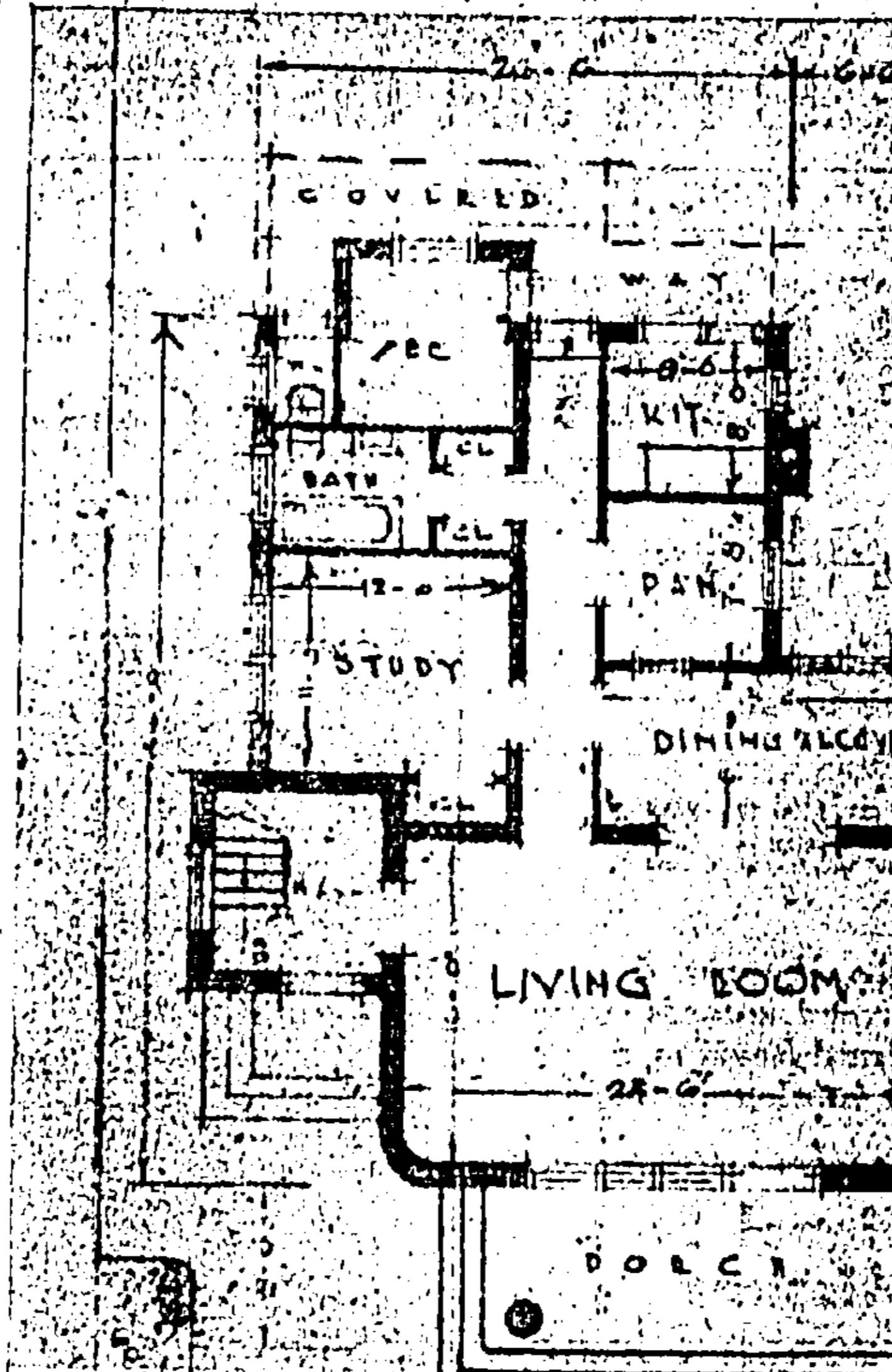
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THE CHINA MAIL, THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1948.

Wage-Earner's Home



GROUND FLOOR plan of one of the houses in the scheme to aid salaried men to own their homes, announced in the China Mail yesterday. Dining-hall, parlour and study will be on the ground floor, with four bedrooms on the upper. Each floor will have a bathroom. In the event of joint ownership by two families, the house will be divided into two self-contained flats, each with two bedrooms, bathroom, dining-hall and living room.

"CLIENT TRICKED BY I & E DEPT"

The contention that his client was tricked by the notice issued by the Import and Export Department in March, 1947 into bringing the gold into the Colony was made by Mr. P. J. Griffiths before Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday.

Stole Watch

Charged with the larceny of a lady's wrist watch, Cheng Kam, aged 28, was given six months' imprisonment when he pleaded guilty before Mr. F. X. d'Almada at Central yesterday.

In dismissing Mr. Griffiths's application for the confiscation order made on Tuesday in respect of 19.75 ounces of gold sheets, valued at HK\$4,888, brought in by Mrs. Cheng Nee Lin-ying on July 31, to be resoled, Mr. Latimer recommended defence counsel to approach Fr. T. W. Kwoi (Foreign Affairs Special Commissioner) to bring the matter up with the competent authority.

In his application, Mr. Griffiths said that under sub-section 2 of Section 13 of the Import and Export Ordinance of 1945 the Court or magistrate is given the discretionary power to order the confiscation of goods. There is no compulsion to do so, he said, as the words used are, "It shall be lawful."

Defence counsel then referred to the notice issued by the Import and Export Department, and posted on all ships, wherein tobacco, liquors, proprietary medicines, toilet preparations and hydrocarbon oils are listed as goods liable to duty excepting "reasonable amounts for passengers' own use and declared to a Revenue Officer if required."

Defendant said that as he saw several other boats in that area he followed them. He left the area after he had been warned by the Beach Inspector.

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other boats in that area he followed them. He left the area after he had been warned by the Beach Inspector.

Misleading Absence

The same notice, said Mr. Griffiths, stated that Hong Kong is a free port, and that the only prohibited imports are arms and ammunition.

The absence of any mention of gold is most misleading, defendant counsel, and tricked his client into bringing the bullion into the Colony. His client, accompanied by his husband, was on his way to Foochow, but decided to break the journey when the ss. General Gordon docked here in order to make a trip to Amoy and Shanghai. When she made the decision, approached the ship's master and was told that Hong Kong being a free port she need not declare anything with the exception of arms and ammunition.

That was why, said Mr. Griffiths, she did not declare the gold when asked by a Revenue Officer. The gold was given to her by her sister-in-law, in Switzerland.

Not First Case

Mr. Latimer said that it was not the first case before the Court and referred defence counsel to a previous case, more or less identical, where the gold was also confiscated.

He had no opinion, he said, but to confiscate the bullion, and advised defence to petition the competent authority after consultation with Mr. T. W. Kwoi.

Approached by the "China Mail," Mr. Eric Hinsworth, Superintendent of Imports and Exports, said that he had no statement to make as the case may not yet be cleared. He stated, however, that the list of articles mentioned in the notice is not comprehensive, and that it was the duty of passengers to find out what were prohibited imports.

Mr. Hinsworth said that the department reported that the notice was issued to prevent smuggling of gold and silver. The notice, he said, was issued to prevent smuggling of gold and silver.

COMPLAINANT IS ONLY "SHADOW" SO COURT CAN AMEND CHARGES

There is no such person or body as the British Military Authorities in the Colony, and therefore the three charges of stealing petrol from military lorry A3686, preferred against Lau Kwong, must be dismissed, submitted Mr. A. S. C. Comber of Kowloon yesterday.

Mr. Marcus da Silva also criticised the wording of the charge against Chen Yim, driver of Naval bus 75701, declaring that "British Naval Authorities" savoured too much of extra-territoriality and gave the impression of there being a British and a Chinese naval command in the Colony.

He drew the Court's attention to the Ordinance which vested full power of control of, and ownership of property belonging to, naval establishments in Hong Kong to the First Lord of the Admiralty or the Commissioners of the First Lord.

War to be substituted for the British Military Authorities as complainant in the charges against the drivers of military lorries, on the ground that the prosecution could not change the name of the complainant.

Mr. Wicks' "Mr. Comber, you have just said that there is no such person or body as the British Military Authorities. There is, therefore, a change in the complainant, Inspector Morrison via giving substance to a shadow."

Mr. Comber: "The British Military Authorities was a fictitious complainant."

The Magistrate: "No, not according to your first submission which was that it was nothing."

That it did not exist and was only a shadow. I am making the necessary amendment."

Theft From Motor-Cars

Three cars, parked outside the Repulse Bay Hotel on July 25 were robbed of articles, and as a result of reports to the police, Leung Kwong-fuk, aged 17 and Wong Yuen-wai, aged 17, were charged before Mr. F. X. d'Almada at Central yesterday.

As related by Inspector J. Hill, the two defendants, together with another not in custody, stole two driving licences, a pair of sun glasses and six tumblers.

As second defendant will be presented by Mr. A. el Arellu, Mr. d'Almada remanded the case for hearing on August 7.

Foki's Body Recovered

One of a party swimming in Lai Chi Kok beach on Tuesday night, Chow Yau-tion, aged 20, a shop boy, ventured in a bit too far and before help could reach him, went under.

Members of his party did everything to locate him in the vicinity where he was last seen, but without success.

His body was found floating in that beach about 10 a.m. yesterday and was removed to the mortuary by the Water Police.

WASPC HOLDS MAHJONG DRIVE

The Women's Auxiliary of the Society for the Protection of Children held a successful Bridge and Mahjong Drive in the Helena May Institute on Thursday in aid of the Society.

First prize was won by Mrs. Buerkin; Consolation prize by Mrs. Crommelin; 1st (European) Mahjong: Mrs. Stronach; 1st (Chinese) Mahjong: Mrs. Y. H. Chev; and Consolation Mahjong by Miss Lal.

Donors of prizes were Mrs. Reale, Mrs. d'Almada, Mrs. Ma, Miss Ho, Mrs. Yee and Mrs. Lee.

Miss Liang, Messrs. A. S. Watson and Co., Ltd. and the Queen's Dispensary.

The total sum paid into the funds was HK\$3050.00.

Hungarian President

Budapest, August 3. The Hungarian Parliament today unanimously elected Dr. Arpad Szakacs, former Deputy Premier and Chairman of the Workers' Party, President of the Republic in succession to Dr. Zoltan Tildy, who resigned last week.

The new President is 60 years old and an artisan. He has been a carpenter, a stonemason, a political journalist and trade union leader. Thanking Parliament after his election, Dr. Szakacs emphasised that the honour given him belonged to the working class and its political party—the Hungarian Workers' Party.—Reuters.

Paid For 10 Watchmen, Had Only 8

Commissioned by the Department of Supplies, Trade and Industries to employ 10 watchmen for 10 lighters containing sugar, Wong Shiu-ping, 27-year-old watchman, took eight men on and charged the STI for the services of the full complement. He made \$182 extra out of the deal.

When he was charged before Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday with obtaining the \$182 by falsely pretending that Watchmen P. 104 and E. 80 were doing duty on board two lighters on March 6 last, Detective Sub-Inspector W. H. Summers explained that ship's watchmen are not Police approved and not Police watchmen.

On February 25, the STI took delivery of a consignment of sugar on board the s.s. Mennon and put them into 10 lighters, and instructed defendant to employ a watchman for each lighter.

Accused undertook to do so, and presented the covering chits for himself.

It was later found that during

HAMMER MURDER CASE

ACCUSED WAS NOT AWARE OF MURDER AT THE TIME, MEDICAL EXPERT SAYS

Appointed Property Custodian

Mr. William James Carrie, former Chairman of the Urban Council, has returned to the Colony. He retired from the Government Service after the end of the war. He was interned during the occupation period.

The "China Mail" learns that Mr. Carrie has been appointed Custodian of Property in Hong Kong. In addition, he will be employed on preliminary work relating to the proposed Municipal Council for the Colony.

Born in 1891, Mr. Carrie was educated at the Edinburgh University. He was appointed a Cadet in 1914 and arrived in Hong Kong in January, 1915.

Mr. Carrie passed the Final Examination in Cantonese in March, 1917, after completing his studies at Canton. In the same month he was attached to the Colonial Secretary's Office. In October, the same year he was transferred to the Imports and Exports Office.

Military Service

He was seconded for Military Service from May 17, 1918 to August 10, 1919.

In March 1920, he passed the Law Examination and became Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk of Councils. In November of the same year, he was appointed Assistant Colonial Treasurer and Assistant Assessor of Rates.

In 1922, in addition to his official duties, he was appointed Secretary to the Special Commission which enquired into the Subsidy.

Among the other posts which Mr. Carrie held up to the outbreak of the Pacific War were Acting Superintendent of the Botanical and Forestry Department (1923); Secretary of the Stocks and Share Commission (1925); Assistant Superintendent of Imports and Exports (1926); Head of the Sanitary Department (1927); Secretary of the Salaries Commission (1928); Postmaster General (1933); Chairman of the Urban Council (1936); Acting Secretary for Chinese Affairs (1938).

Mr. Carrie became a Cadet Officer, First Class, on September 27, 1938. When the war broke out he was Chairman of the Urban Council.

Joint Recognition of Korea Republic?

Shanghai, August 4. China, the United States and Britain will shortly take joint action to accord recognition to the new Korean Republic, headed by Dr. Syngman Rhee, according to a Nanking report appearing in today's *Shun Pao*, one of China's "Big Four" dailies.

Exchanges of views on the subject between Nanking, Washington and London are said to have been completed.

The Republic of Korea is expected to be formally inaugurated on August 15 with Dr. Rhee as its first President.—Reuter.

FOOD AND FUEL COSTS

Food and fuel costs for the week ended July 31 were:

Flour	12 cwt	\$4,000
Vegetables	1.0	1,170
Salad Cabbage	1.0	2,000
Oil	1.0	1,610
Tea	1.0	1,000
Salmon Fish	1.0	1,000
Milk	1.0	1,000
Dove	1.0	2,000
Firewood	10.0	1,000
Bean Curd, 14 pieces	1.0	700
Total		\$12,700

The BOAC plane from United Kingdom, due on Wednesday, August 4, is now expected to arrive on Thursday, August 5, 1948.

Reminders

Today

Y.M.C.A. Club Luncheon, H.K. Hotel, Roof Garden, 12:45 p.m.

Kowloon Rotary Club Luncheon, Peninsula Hotel, 12:30 p.m.

Mahjong Class, European YMCA, 8 p.m.

Swimming Gala, European YMCA, 7 p.m.

Canoeing Class, European YMCA, (Ladies Section), 10:30 a.m.

Coming Events

TOMORROW
Whist Drive, European YMCA, West Lounge, 6 p.m.

SUNDAY

Talk by Capt. A.F. Luff, European YMCA (Arm Chair Group), West Lounge, 11:30 p.m.

At the Criminal Sessions yesterday, Dr. R. D. Scriven said that Cheng Kwok-king, who is charged with murder, was abnormally wretched and full of self-reproach for his entire life and was inclined to worry about minor matters.

Dr. Scriven, a specialist in mental diseases, testified before Mr. Justice Gould (Acting Chief Justice) and a jury of three men and four women, as an expert medical witness for the defence.

Cheng Kwok-king is charged with having, on March 15, injured Cheung Chau, 22-year-old servant girl, at 603 Bonham Road.

Mr. A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, assisted by Det. Inspector T. Cushman, is conducting the case for the prosecution.

Mr. A. J. Clifford, instructed by Mr. C. A. S. Russ, is representing the accused.

Dr. Scriven said that he and other European members of the Indian Medical Service were asked to retire when the Indian Government changed in August last.

In Hong Kong, he had a practice of about 90 per cent of nervous and mental diseases.

He first carried out a physical examination of accused and found that he was not suffering from any obvious physical disability. After that, the examination took the form of questions and answers.

Dr. Scriven said he knew about accused's mother and about his father's cousin. His impression was that accused's mother committed suicide whilst suffering from depressive insanity and the internal cousin suffered from an attack of manic insanity. Both were degree of the same disease.

The entire disease was called manic depressive insanity. At one end of the scale was mania and at the other end depression, but the end was for mixed forms of the disease occurring at the same time or alternately. In manic depressive insanity, recovery was the rule and relapse was usual.

Abnormally Wretched

Dr. Scriven said that he noticed accused was melancholy. Accused was not miserable about his present circumstances, which would be a normal reaction. Accused was abnormally wretched and full of self-reproach for his entire life and was inclined to worry about what appeared to be comparative trivialities, as for instance, the progress of his children at school and the fact that they did not always do what he asked them to do in letters which he wrote them. That symptom appeared to be abnormal.

Another classical symptom emerged in this story and this was that accused had been married twice before. Dr. Scriven said he had discussed with accused the question of re-marriage. Accused said that he had not considered re-marriage. He said he did not like women now and felt miserable and shy in their company.

When asked whether he had ever sought female company, accused replied that he did sometimes pick up a girl and go to a hotel for the night. The last time this happened was about a year ago. Since that time, accused said he had been completely with any desire or thoughts of that kind. This disease, said Dr. Scriven, was characterized by loss of sexual desire and interest.

Suicidal Tendency

Dr. Scriven said that he considered the letter which accused had sent to his brother to show extreme depression and a suicidal tendency. The method of suicide he adopted was that he was going to the sea-shore and drown himself. As he was a reasonably good swimmer, he had contemplated giving himself a blow on the head with a hammer that he had purchased some time ago, before falling into the water.

Accused had given three reasons why he contemplated suicide.

The first was that he had failed in business. Dr. Scriven said that when he examined that reason, it appeared to be illogical because he was not really bad up against it. Business was admittedly bad, but he had taken no steps to write to his brother for help from which he could easily emerge from any small trouble.

The second reason was that his two sons did not obey all his strictures that he had suggested to them in letters.

The third was that some months before, his elder brother had gradually suggested to him that he might re-marry. Without thinking of the immediate implications, accused had worried about what was going to happen in the future, to any children that might be born. He took a "complete" abnormal view of the situation.

Increasing Insomnia

Dr. Scriven said that his last finding was that during the last two months before the crime, accused had suffered from gradually increasing insomnia.

"In this disease, homely acts were frequent and might be committed either by a state of confusion or sleep with some knowledge by the person affected," declared Dr. Scriven, who added that confusion could arise at any time. This frequently led to homely acts and often to suicide.

"While in a state of confusion, the person affected would be con-

Welcome To Chief Justice

Members of the legal profession will extend a welcome to Sir Leslie Gibson, Chief Justice, at the Supreme Court at 11:30 a.m. today.

Addressess of welcome will be delivered by the Hon. Mr. J. B. Griffin, Attorney General, Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C. and Mr. A. el Arculli.

Scrap Parts Exploded

Shortly after 6 p.m. yesterday an explosion occurred at No. 407 Reclamation Street, resulting in two persons being detained in Kowloon Hospital suffering from injuries to legs and hands.

According to a police report, the proprietor of a marine store at 407 Reclamation Street was buying a larger quantity of scrap metal among which were some aluminium parts of an aeroplane.

He hit some parts with a hammer and the explosion occurred.

Two of the shop's folk received injuries to their hands and legs and were removed to Kowloon Hospital where they were detained and their condition reported as fair.

Personalia

Arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel on Tuesday included Mrs. E. I. Rubin, Miss B. Rubin, Mr. and Mrs. S. De Penisset, Mr. and Mrs. C. Chang, Messrs. Charles D. Arthur, P.C. Lin, V.R. Stolle, M.J. Wheatley, V. Choroff, D.S.W. Pepper, F.C. Gilroy, D.N. Lindley, S.F. Martin, W. Ambroster, W.H.L. Kilgore, O.J. Heggard, V. Watkins, R.C. White, and R. H. Potter.

Among the departures from the Peninsula Hotel on Tuesday were Mrs. P. Stevens, Mrs. J. Buvens, Mrs. M. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. E. Hynes, Mr. and Mrs. Ip Leong Futt, Messrs. S. Hsu, F.B. Openbourn, E.H. Rington and F. A. Fisher.

The Hong Kong Magic Circle gave a farewell dinner on Tuesday night at the Cosmo Club to two of their departing members, "The Great Marvino" (S. H. Marvino) and "Beaumont" (N.G.B. Burrage).

"Marvino," the present President is going on home leave by the s.s. *Caution*, whereas "Beaumont" has been transferred to Kobe.

About 20 members were present. After dinner there was an informal performance each performer attempting to deceive the other.

At a previous committee meeting, "Marvino" was made a Fellowships member of the Hong Kong Magic Circle.

The following weddings have been announced:

Mr. Bernard James Loverty, Prisoners' Department, Stanley, to Mrs. Eveline Georgia Wood of Brentwood, Essex.

Rev. Olo Thilme, Basel Mission, Tai Po Road, to Mrs. Rakel Gille, Teacher, en route to Hong Kong by s.s. "Kambodia."

16 PROFITEERS FINED \$1,810

Fines ranging from \$450 to \$10, and totalling \$1,810, were imposed by Mr. W. H. Latimer yesterday on 16 Kowloon shop-keepers on 27 summonses for breach of the Price Control Regulations.

The heaviest penalty (\$450) was passed on the Sun Kong Kin Kwok Cafe of 41-43 Woon Sung Street, for overcharging 30 cents on an eight-ounce bottle of fresh milk and for obstructing the STI Inspector.

Mr. J. H. G. Pitman said that when three of his women inspectors went into the cafe and asked for a bottle of fresh milk, they were given the milk in a bowl. Their request to be shown the bottle was refused, even after they had shown their identity cards.

The first was that he had failed in business. Dr. Scriven said that when he examined that reason, it appeared to be illogical because he was not really bad up against it. Business was admittedly bad, but he had taken no steps to write to his brother for help from which he could easily emerge from any small trouble.

The second reason was that his two sons did not obey all his strictures that he had suggested to them in letters.

The third was that some months before, his elder brother had gradually suggested to him that he might re-marry. Without thinking of the immediate implications, accused had worried about what was going to happen in the future, to any children that might be born. He took a "complete" abnormal view of the situation.

Margarine Profit

For charging 44 instead of 35, for a two pound tin of margarine, Ming Li of 40 Pak Tai Street was fined \$100; the Willy Tai of 33 Pilgrim Street, \$100 for charging 30 cents for a tin of cocoas; Lung Kee of 807 Shanghai Street, \$75 for charging 20 cents too much for a Nylx toothbrush.

The Lido Store of 422 Prince Edward Road was fined \$50 for overcharging 50 cents on a tin of cocoas; the King Lee Dairy Farm & Co. of 727 Nathan Road, \$100 for an excess charge of five cents on a bottle of fresh milk; Man Kee Fruit Store, 200A Nathan Road, \$100 for selling a pound of lemons for \$1.10 instead of \$1.

Lardens dealt with were:

Yick Man of 146 Lai Chik Road, fined \$150 for overcharging 85 cents on a bottle of Sloan's liniment; Man Sang Tong of 31 Mung Chai Street, fined \$50 for a 20-cent excess charge on a bottle of Sop's emulsion.

Described as shear, black-marketing, the City Store of 38 Prince Edward Road purchased butter from the authorized distributor at the controlled price and re-sold it at 45 per lb. A fine of \$150 was imposed.

"While in a state of confusion, the person affected would be con-

Murderer Chased Woman About Her Home With Chopper

The terrifying experience of being followed from room to room by a man armed with a chopper was described by Mrs. Grothe Doorm of "Kwan Min Toi", Tao Fong Shan, Shatin, at an instant conducted by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon yesterday into the death of 55-year-old Ho Chi-hing.

After evidence had been given by Dr. R. E. Alvares, the Coroner returned a verdict of murder by some person or persons unknown.

When he conducted an autopsy on the dead woman, said Dr. Alvares, he found seven external wounds with clean-cut skin edges. One was six inches long and two and a half inches deep.

Death, in witness's opinion, was due to the sharp wounds at neck, severed spinal cord, hemorrhage and shock.

Mrs. Doorm said that about 8:45 a.m. on May 20 she was in the sitting-room and saw the man running into the yard. She continued running down the path by the side of the bungalow until she came to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Kwan.

While she was resting at Mr. Kwan's bungalow she was told that her animal had been found dead. She reported the matter to the Shatin Police Station.

Defective Sub-Inspector C. Pope of Kowloon C.I.D. Headquarters was present at the inquiry.

MUSICIANS' MEETING

A general meeting of musicians in Hong Kong will be held at the Star Ballroom, Nathan Road, Kowloon, tomorrow at 2:30 p.m.

Object of the meeting is to discuss the formation of a Hong Kong Musicians Union.

Mr. Ken Baker, Labour Officer, will be present.

Correspondence*****
Shattered Dreams

Sir—You've got to take your hats off to this government! Suddenly, with the speed of light, rates are decreased, columns of valuable space in the local newspapers are utilized to acquaint those persons whom the diminution affects, of the new and considerably cheaper rates. Great is the rejoicing. Many are the plans made by those persons whose daily dailies to "Hotel Row" have turned their salaries into staggeringly stipends—there's more money to be spent on food; maybe, in a month or two, the saving will run to a new suit (badly needed); perhaps a parcel will be sent home to the old folks; or if nothing else crops up to bite into the savings, there's the chance of a couple of weeks' holiday somewhere. These, I admit, are just flights of fancy, but I'll warrant that many families in this Colony thought along those lines when the news of the reduction in hotel rates burst upon an unsuspecting city.

And, just as suddenly, those dreams are shattered. Fearful in their wrath, the hotel proprietors—and here, let me state that the new rates were too drastic in many cases—rise up as a corporate body and assault the administration that benignly blinks down on us each day from "Tape Manalans."

The "attack" was short, sharp and shrewdly handled. The patrician, peripatetic, permutations of the dithy丸 was halted. And we were back where we were on July 31. Down came the notices, affixed in "prominent places," showing the new rates that almost came into being. And down came the spirits of thousands of persons, to whom this promise of relief from financial burdens came like a brilliant ray of sunshine into a dark

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

20 WORDS \$2 FOR ONE
INSERTION, PREPAID, \$1
FOR EACH ADDITIONAL
INSERTION, ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD
PER INSERTION.

\$2

POSITIONS VACANT

WANTED full or part time
clerk capable of taking charge
of foreign correspondences. Letters
stating full particulars & salary
expected to Box No. 492 "China
Mail."

APPLICATIONS are invited
from certified deck and
diesel engineer officers (of
foreign or Chinese nationality),
ex-naval Officers with five
years or more sea experience
and holding a full watchkeeping
certificate for employment
in the Marine Department of
the Chinese Maritime Customs.
Particulars of contract may be
obtained from the Office of the
Chinese Maritime Customs,
Marina House, Queen's Road,
Central.

POSITION WANTED

AIR HOSTESS Chinese desires
change same capacity preferred,
but willing to accept office
work if salary suitable. Excellent
English, Typist. Box
No. 488, "China Mail."

WANTED KNOWN

HMS CANTON TRAVELLERS
visit Bond Street W1 where
you can buy the clothes you'll
need for your Autumn and
Winter Leave in England at
lower prices. Bond Street W1—
Clothes and Accessories of
Distinction. Suite 302, Hong
Kong Hotel. Tel. 30281 Ex
302.

RENOMMEE large selection of
imported & locally made
dresses 503, Victory House,
5 Wyndham Street. THE LIFT
is installed.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine
Peking and Tientsin, lovely
designs and colourings, various
sizes. Come and inspect at The
China Rug Co., Kavally Building,
4th Floor (Opposite Hong
Kong Hotel). Queen's
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MADE BOOKS AT THE
SWINDON BOOK STORE,
2 Nathan Road, Tel. 59327

NEWLY ARRIVED Underwood
Typewriters, standard and
portable, finest typewriter
ribbons and carbon papers,
obtainable at The World
Typewriter Co., 46, Wellington
Street, Hong Kong. Tel.
20506

FOR YOUR BREAKFAST
Tiffin, Afternoon-Tea & Dinner.
You are welcome. Prompt Service.
Atry and Quiet. Try
Cafe de Luxe, China Emporium
Mezzanine Floor Tel. 26428.

PREMISES WANTED

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY,
16,000 sq. ft. or more Godown
Space or Premises, suitable for
use as Office and Workshop.
Reply Box 490, "China Mail."

DANCING LESSONS

BALLROOM DANCING—
"Made Easy" for Beginners.
ADVANCED VARIATIONS
taught. Also RUMBA, SAMBA,
Tango, Jitterbug. Enquiries
(1-3 P.M.): TONY-HUDSON,
512 China Building.

FOR SALE

ONE 25 ton capacity York
Shipley air-conditioning unit,
incorporating latest design
evaporator condenser at present
operating in the Gloucester
Lounge. Inspection on application
to Mr. Morris, Hong Kong
Land Investment & Agency
Co., Ltd., Gloucester Building,
1st floor, Tel. 28145.

TWO "National" twelve foot
Sailing Dighlights. Completely
rigged and in excellent condition.
New in April. Apply
Box 489, "China Mail." For
price and further details.

FOR SALE Single line bed-
room suite, Cocktail Cabinet,
Bedside Cabinets, Easy Chairs,
Ceiling Fan, etc. Owner leaving
colony. Write Box 491 "China
Mail."

ON SALE PEKING RUGS. Just
arrived attractive design fine
quality, reasonable price, please
visit: CHUNG HSING CO.
17 Wyndham Street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Steel Desk and
Steel Cabinet. Apply Room
219, Prince's Building.

FOR SALE—A.W.A. Radios
with or without automatic
changers. Price very reasonable.
Apply Room 219, Prince's Building.

PILOT RADIOS: Same reliable
prewar quality now obtainable
at popular prices, made possible only by increased
demand and large sales. Allwave sets from \$240
each obtainable at all the better
dealers or direct from: Colonial
Agencies, Tsoekochoy
Bldg., 14 Queen's Road. Phone
26310.

NOTICE

A vacancy exists for one
Electrical Inspector Class II in
the Electrical & Mechanical
Office of the Public Works
Department.

Applications from suitably
qualified candidates, who should
not be less than 25 years of
age, should be made on the
Form P/I which may be obtained
from the Secretary, Public Works
Department, and returned
to the Hon. Director of Public Works not
later than 10th August, 1948.

The duties would comprise
the supervision, under the
general control of the Electrical
Engineer, of all works connected
with the electrical installations
in Government buildings including
lifts, cookers, water heaters, refrigerators,
motors, switch-gear etc. etc.

The commencing salary attached
to the post is \$600.00 per month plus Cost of Living
Allowance and, in the case of an
expatriate appointment, extra
allowance amounting to \$160.00 per month would be
payable.

No sub-letting will be allowed.

A. E. PERRY,
Secretary, Urban Council.

Hong Kong, 4th August, 1948.

NIGHT WORK is required.
No sub-letting will be allowed.

A. E. PERRY,
Secretary, Urban Council.

Hong Kong, 4th August, 1948.

HONG KONG
TECHNICAL COLLEGE
DEPARTMENT OF WIRELESS
TELEGRAPHY

A full time day course,
covering approximately one
academic year, leading to the
Postmaster General's 2nd Class
Certificate in Wireless Telegraphy,
will be opened in September, 1948.

Fee: \$15.00 per month.
Candidates for Admission
should have reached approximately
School Certificate Standard
and should be British
subjects.

Application Forms "W" can
now be obtained from the
Technical College, Wood Road,
Wantsai, or the Education
Office, 3rd Floor, Windsor
House.

Completed forms must be
returned to me by 31st August,
1948.

G. WHITE,
Principal, Technical College.

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
and Appraisers,
Pedder Building.
Telephone No. 2024.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received
instructions to sell by
Public Auction on

FRIDAY, the 6th August, 1948

commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at their Sales Rooms,
No. 35, Hankow Road,
Kowloon.

A fine collection of
Valuable Household Furniture
Comprising:—

Bed Room Suites, Red Wood
& Black Wood Chesterfield
Suite, Portable Typewriter,
Remington Typewriter 15",
Amplifier, Radios, Ice Chests,
Blackwood Music Stool, Black-
wood Tea Pots, Tientsin Rugs,
Bicycle, Camphorwood Chests,
Refrigerators, Single Ward-
robe, Chest of Drawers, Low
Boys, Single & Double Bed-
steads, Dressing Tables, Bed
Side Cabinets, Extension Dining
Tables, Sideboards, Glass
Cabinets, Chairs, Cutlery, Tea
Sets, Glass Ware, Desks, Book
Cases, Kitchen Table, Pram,
and 7 New Water Closets Etc.,
Etc.

One 1940 Buick saloon motor
car Licence No. 1733.

On View from Thursday, the
5th August 1948.

Terms: As Customary.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

KOWLOON-CANTON
RAILWAY

It is hereby notified that
sealed Tenders in duplicate,
which should be clearly marked,
"Tender for Repairs to
Typhoon Damage (28.7.48)"
will be received at the office of
the Chairman, Tender Board,
Colonial Secretariat, Lower
Albert Road, until noon on
Tuesday, the 10th August, 1948,
for repairing typhoon
damage at Mile 5 1/4, Mile 14 1/2
and Mile 15 1/4 of the Kowloon-
Canton Railway.

Forms of tender, specification
and schedule of quantities may
be obtained from the Head
Office, Kowloon-Canton Rail-
way, Kowloon.

The Government does not
bind itself to accept the lowest
or any tender, and reserves
the right to accept all or any
part of any tender.

The successful tenderer will
be required to deposit at the
Treasury, Prince's Building,
Des Voeux Road Central, the
sum of \$2,000.00 as security
for due and faithful perform-
ance of his contract.

Only Railway Contractors
and those who are on the Public
Works Department Authorized
Lists of Contractors will be
permitted to tender. Contractors
will be liable to have their
names removed from the
List of Approved Contractors
if they fail, or refuse to im-
plement an accepted tender,
or having obtained forms of
a bona fide tender.

Night work is required.
No sub-letting will be allowed.

A. E. PERRY,
Secretary, Urban Council.

Hong Kong, 4th August, 1948.

HONGKONG ANGLING
SOCIETY.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Are You A Fisherman?

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED
IN ANY FORM OF FISHING
IN HONG KONG.

In reservoir, sea, stream or
pond, you will be glad to know
that an angling society is
being formed NOW.

You want BIGGER BETTER
and MORE fish. Then join the
society, get the benefit of
the experience of other members,
put your own knowledge
into the pool, and give and take
the advantages that YOUR society aims to collect
and provide.

A MEETING WILL BE
HELD ON MONDAY, the
6th AUGUST, 1948 IN THE
BOARD ROOM OF THE
SOUTH CHINA MORNING
POST, WYNDHAM STREET,
AT 5.15 P.M.

PLEASE COME TO IT.

For fuller particulars see
Sunday Herald of Sunday,
August 1st, 1948.

IN THE SUPREME
COURT OF HONG KONGPROBATE
JURISDICTION

In the Goods of Gertrude
Maria Campbell alias Ger-
trude Campbell late of
No. 2, Hanoi Road, Kow-
loon in the Colony of Hong
Kong, Widow, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that the Court has by virtue of
Section 58 of the Probate Or-
dinance 1897 made an Order
limiting the time for creditors
and others to send in their claims
against the above estate to
the 28th day of August 1948.

All creditors and others are
accordingly hereby required to
send in their claims to the
undersigned on or before that
date.

Dated the 31st day of July,
1948.

BRUTTON & CO.,
Solicitors for the Executor of
the Estate of the
aforesaid deceased.
Windsor House,
Hong Kong.

Service Auction Rooms

Auctioneers, Surveyors, etc.
Basement, French Bank Bldg.,
A. E. R. de Souza, Auctioneer.
Telephone 31887.

518 WYNDHAM ST.

POLES DENOUNCE PLAN
FOR WESTERN GERMANY
NOTE OF PROTEST
TO BRITAIN

London, August 3.
Poland has again denounced the plan for Western
Germany but declared it was "firmly con-
vinced" that conditions for four-power settle-
ment of the German problem existed.

The Polish statement was
made in a note to Great Britain,
another in the series started
by Poland in protest against
the recent three-power Western
conference on Germany.

The Polish note was delivered
to the British Foreign Minister,
Mr Ernest Bevin, on July 30 by

the Polish Ambassador here and
made public today by the Polish
Embassy.

Originally, the Polish Govern-
ment protested against the Lon-
don agreements on Western Ger-
many. Britain rejected the Polish
protest. This note is Poland's
latest rejoinder.

Significantly, a few hours after
the important Kremlin confer-
ence on the Berlin crisis, the
Polish note said:

Old Charges

"My Government is firmly
convinced that conditions for
such a settlement do exist,
provided that previously-con-
cluded and binding agreements
of the powers concerning Ger-
many be respected and further
decision left to the organs called
upon to deal with them."

However, the greater part of
the Polish note comprised the
usual denunciations of Western
policies, including the now familiar
charge that the Marshall Plan
leads toward economic and political
subordination of participating
states, and simultaneously
expresses a tendency to establish
the pre-war economic structure
of Europe, and with it also
the dominating role of Germany."

United Press.

CHEKIANG LAND
REFORM

Shanghai, August 4.
Governor Chen Yi announced
in his capital at Hangzhou that
he would enforce a "moderate"
land reform programme in Che-
kiang province.

The land reform, which is be-
ing drawn up by the local admin-
istration authorities, will be
tried as an experiment. One of
its main phases will be the re-
duction in land rentals for
peasants.—Associated Press.

SERVICE TO OFFER

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Dept.) offers service in
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The Better & Cheaper Radio
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year. Free service and parts
repaired.

You can get a New SICS by
trading in your old radio as
part payment or pay on easy
installment term.

YEUNG KWONG
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182, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

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WOOL CARPETSWHOLESALE
OR RETAIL

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Telephone 24359.

HONGKONG

Hohner Harmonicas.

"Chromonica" "Echo"

Law Jim Kee

Music Co.

77 Des Voeux Road, C.

Tel.

GOVERNMENT FILES SUIT AGAINST DECCA COMPANY DISTRIBUTION OF RECORDS

Washington, August 3.

The Attorney General, Tom Clark, announced today the filing of a civil anti-trust action against both American and British makers of Decca gramophone records.

The action, filed in the Federal District Court, New York City, was directed against Decca Records Incorporated (American Decca) and Decca Records Company Limited (British Decca).

Clark's announcement said that Electric and Musical Industries Limited, another British corporation, was named as an alleged co-conspirator but not as a defendant in the action.

Clark said that the action charged the two defendant companies with "engaging in conspiracy and cartel agreements restraining the sale and distribution of commercial gramophone records in violation of anti-trust laws."

The Department of Justice said that the Government's complaint alleged that American Deccas, one of the largest makers of records in the United States—had conspired to divide world markets with British Decca and Electric and Musical Industries Limited.

Export Restraint

The latter are two of the largest foreign producers of such records.

American Decca was formerly affiliated with British Decca by stock ownership. But this relationship ended about 1943, the complaint stated.

US. AND CHINA TO SIGN

Nanking, August 4. The United States and China will sign an agreement on rural reconstruction under the Economic Cooperation Administration Aid to China programme here tomorrow.

Ambassador Dr. J. Leighton Stuart will sign for the United States, and the Foreign Minister, Dr. Wang Shih-chien, on behalf of China.

Mr. Roger D. Lapham, ECA China Mission Chief, is planning to arrive in Nanking for the signing. He will be from Peking via Tsingtao.—Reuter-AP

RADIO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles from 12.30 to 2.00 p.m. and from 8.00 to 11.15 p.m., and also on 9.52 megacycles in the 31 meter band from 12.30 to 1.30, 7.30 to 8.30 and 9.15 to 11.15 p.m. H.K.T.

12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.

12.32 p.m.—Harry Roy and His Orchestra.

1.00 p.m.—Bydne's Torch at the Organ.

1.15 p.m.—Now, Weather Report and Announcements.

1.25 p.m.—Orchestra Selections.

1.30 p.m.—Close Down.

6.00 p.m.—Programme Summary.

6.01 p.m.—Children's Story: "Through the Looking-Glass" by Lewis Carroll. Episode 1: "Looking-Glass House." (BBC).

6.30 p.m.—Music Comedy.

7.00 p.m.—"ITMA" with Tommy Handley (BBC).

7.30 p.m.—"The British Financial Studio."

8.00 p.m.—"World and Home News (London Relay).

8.15 p.m.—Hilma Koncert Hall, BBC Symphony Orchestra conducted by Sir Malcolm Sargent (BBC).

9.15 p.m.—A Play: "Why Visit the Zoo?" by Donald Head. Produced for the Hong Kong Stage Club by Philip Burn (Studio).

10.00 p.m.—"World and Home News (London Relay).

10.15 p.m.—Weather Report.

10.16 p.m.—A Play: "The Zoo" by Harriet Cohen.

10.30 p.m.—Dance to Artie Shaw and His Orchestra.

11.00 p.m.—Radio News Reel (London Relay).

11.15 p.m.—Weather Report and Close Down.

Keep an Eye On

ZENITH RADIO

12.30 p.m.—"The Star of Asia" (BBC).

1.00 p.m.—"The Star of Asia" (BBC).

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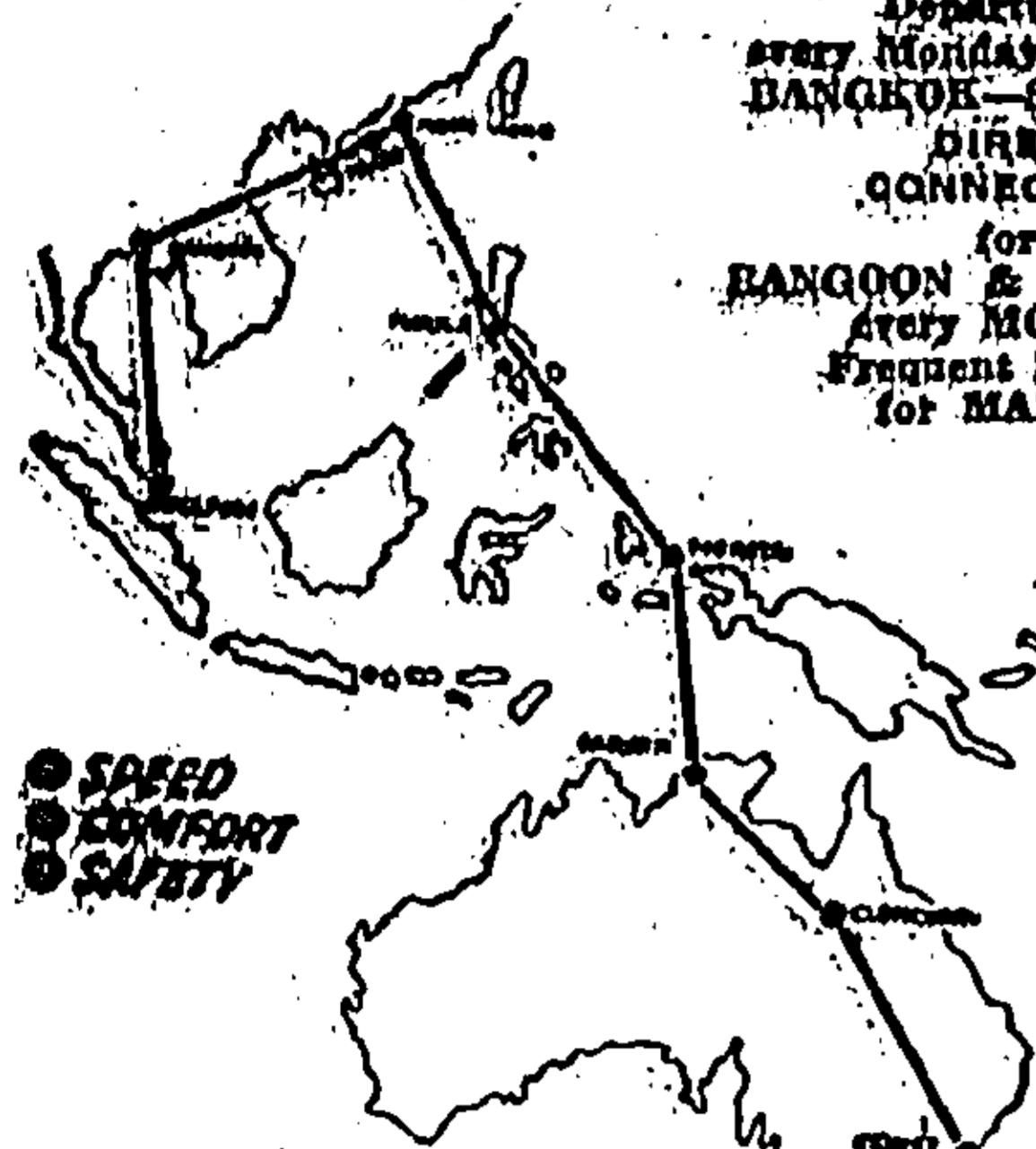
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Editor-in-Chief: W. J. Keast.
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Business Manager: W. H. Nolloth.
Telephones: 24334
Reporters & General Office 37312
(four lines)

Subscription Rates:

3 months H.K.\$10.00
6 months H.K.\$36.00
One year H.K.\$72.00

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Mrs. J. G. Pearson and Mr. George Pearson of 200a Prince Edward Road and Mrs. B. D'Almada wish to thank all relatives and friends for attendance at the funeral of their beloved Maureen, and the floral tributes and expressions of sympathy. A High Requiem Mass will be offered at St. Theresa's Church, Kowloon on Friday, August 8, 1941 at 7.30 a.m. for the soul of the deceased.

HOSPITAL AFFAIR

The Coronor's strictures at Tuesday's inquest describing as deplorable the conditions existent at the Hong Kong Sanatorium and Tung Wah Eastern Hospital did not over-state the position. Private institutions naturally, do not desire to become casualty clearance stations and they especially have no welcome for cases likely to call at some stage for police intervention, but when it is a matter of life or death there can be no conceivable excuse for failure to render all possible emergency aid, and still less in the plea that no emergency equipment was available.

For those who may have overlooked the record of the inquest, the facts are worthy of recapitulation. In briefest form, they show that a woman suffering from lysis poisoning self-administered was refused first-aid at two hospitals to which she was taken by her husband. He was told that the proper place to take her was the Queen Mary Hospital, which she did not reach until she was beyond medical aid. Whether earlier treatment might have prevented the tragedy cannot, of course, be demonstrated one way or the other. The crime consisted not in any error in diagnosis, but in disinclination, according to the published reports, to take any steps in the matter at all. Inspector MacKenzie who conducted the investigation on behalf of the police showed that those directly responsible were not in fact carrying out hospital regulations, but there was a suggestion, calling for an inquiry, that they may have belied themselves to be carrying out hospital policy.

Mr. F. X. d'Almada, who sat as Coronor, expressed his opinion of the events in no uncertain terms, but did not go farther in search of remedy than to recommend to the Directors of the two hospitals mentioned that they rectify conditions. To us it seems that the bare possibility of recurrence of an incident of this kind calls for official action. We have scandals enough over matters like persons being allowed to lie dying on pavements for lack of an ambulance, and of seriously injured persons held in police stations during an investigation when they should have been rushed to hospital. One by one the underlying causes have been substantially removed and blundering occurs less frequently. This latest episode needs to be tackled with equal energy.

The Mystery

Evidence is accumulating that a small minority of doctors in Britain are acting in a way which is making nonsense of the National Health Service for large numbers of people. These doctors, while nominally on the National Health Scheme, and clearly have to be amended.

Snapshots From The Jewish Capital

By Amos Gordon

With the front only 12 miles away, and with repeated air raids, I found the "Little Paris" of the Middle East gay and more carefree than I found Paris in the last war with the Germans 50 miles away. I found the Tel Avivians as resolute as Londoners during the blitz.

Snapshot No. 1. Soldiers and civilians mingle in the seaside cafés—sipping cold fizzy drinks. Sea bathers, defying the prohibition on bathing, are swimming off the yellow sand beach under the vigilant eye of coastal guards manning hastily erected foot-thick reinforced concrete anti-invasion emplacements.

Snapshot No. 2. The Jewish capital is a Babylon of languages. As I walk the overcrowded sun-scorched streets I can hear every language on earth. Hebrew rubs shoulders with English, English with Russian, Russian with German, German with Arabic, Arabic with Greek.

Varied Uniforms

Snapshot No. 3. The uniforms of the Israeli Army—the youngest army in the world—are as varied as the languages which can be heard in Tel Aviv. Slouch-hatted Palmach (Elite) troops wear British paratroopers' camouflaged jumping jackets, while ex-French Maquis who fought the Germans in the French Alps wear muflets on their heads. The regulation headgear is the Afrika Corps cap. Steel helmets too—all shapes and nationalities—regular British helmets, dispatch rider crash helmets, the Americans' bowl-shaped naval helmet. I have seen a German spiked helmet of the last two wars with the spike filed off, but with the German Eagle shining in the sun, worn by an unmistakably former Prussian officer now doing A.R.P. warden's duty.

Snapshot No. 4. With the war only 20 minutes' drive from the centre of the town I found hundreds of volunteers in the town from far-flung corners of the world. They came from Poland, France, the United States. The most picturesque of the lot is a 27-year-old, 18 stone, 6-foot Hungarian "General" from Nicaragua. His portly figure is to be seen nightly in Tel Aviv's fashionable bars. When I first met him he told me he came to see Palestine's holy sites.

Loves Variety

Wearing the shiny uniform of the U.S. Army with no insignia, four rows of medals, the colours of which put the rainbow to shame, and a few trinkets pinned to his breast pocket with ordinary safety pins, he raises a commotion whenever he enters a public place. Rumour says he is the son of a rich Hungarian aristocrat who settled in Nicaragua raising bananas and cattle. The head of cattle range from 10,000 to 30,000, depending on the Xan-splainer's imagination.

The "General" loves variety in his guns as much as in his medals. He breakfasts with an outside Colt, lunches with a horn-handled forty-eight, dines with a nickel-plated Browning.

Rumour also says he is an ex-officer of the Foreign Legion—unhappily married and that he came to this war-torn country to find war, fame, fortune and love. Whether he found the last three I do not know, but he recently confided to me when his bulk was perched dangerously on a 3-foot high stool in a bar: "Wat you think, I came to fight and tell you think, some little boy-general told me—redining in the face, he added angrily. "He tell me I can be a sergeant of the Jewish Army, me, a big military expert."

Promiscuously drowning the insult with some Martini, while blonde minicurist from a night-blooming bazaar shop sitting next to him glued her eyes consoling him to his rounded face.

The New Look

Snapshot No. 5. For the 24 hours around the clock humanly yours out from a score of separate flats clustered like beehives along the promenade swept by a cool sea breeze.

Helped by the wide spaces in the East, and their great superiority on the ground, they preferred to decide the issue without bringing their airborne arm into play.

Now, after the overthrow of Germany—and as the almost inevitable consequence of the disappearance of that buffer state in the control of Western Europe—has duly followed.

It has become more intense, both by month and the month between political pressure and military necessity, to live peacefully.

The Russians may reflect that we said there would be no

brightly-coloured awnings, protect well-groomed ladies wearing the latest "New Look" from the merciless rays of the sun. The din of bands competing with one another pours from a score of seaside cafés. A Jewish crooner swooningly goes through the latest sentimental songs, refrain "You and me in the moonlit Hegel."

In the next establishment a band hummers out the latest Hollywood Conga. A few yards further down a French singer tries to outdo his colleague through an over-powered loud-speaker.

The sun sets, throwing bloodshot rays over the dark blue sea—young soldiers and their girl friends fill up the dancing floors of the dimmed-out cafés.

Snapshot No. 6. The British Army's chrome-yellow signs still hang from where the soldiers left them. "All troops will report to C.M.P." reads one, while another says "Guarded car park 50 yards ahead." The signs have changed no more than the British Army Services Clubs. "The Ark," "Scopus" and the "Commander Club" known to thousands of British Tommies of the last war are now used by Jewish soldiers on leave in the town.

Snapshot No. 7. Behind the frivoly and carefree appearance of Tel Aviv there is a hard-working community of men and women whose sons and daughters are fighting on the Palestine front.

The last strains of the song linger on amidst the thuds of exploding bombs and the sound of ack-ack batteries bursting shells smudging the sky with their smoke.

BOOM TOWN 1948

Britons Are Always Welcome

By Rodney Campbell

A young Kennedy reporter, who landed in America this month with \$10 in his pocket and the determination to spend a year travelling the U.S. earning his keep by odd jobs and newspaper assignments. He headed first for Texas, and from Houston he sends his impressions of life in a large American city today.

Houston is the biggest town in Texas, the biggest State in the U.S.A.

More than 700,000 people live there. Many more live in outlying districts, around oil derricks, cotton fields, chemical plants, ship yards, sulphur birds, rice storage tanks and lumber yards—the shatter-clatter of pneumatic drills, the construction gangs, spell the word BOOM. And people are coming from all over the world to find their fortunes in Houston.

Going Up

Everything is going up. Already now dream and sandstone-crowned skyscrapers break the blue Texas sky where there was a desert 100 years ago, and now Texans are talking of building a taller building than New York's Empire State.

The air of boom town is heady and exciting. Take a walk down Main or Folk, Texas—or Alabama. (Americans don't use street or avenue as often as we do.) It is a fantastic scene.

Cattle ranchers in shape straight from a Hollywood album walk arm-in-arm with girls wearing Newsway Look. Girls bare-shoulder fashions. Glemen in silver painted hats and dandies in tuxedos talk to business men in crumpled linen suits as tropical as anything worn in Bombay or Singapore.

Teen-agers and housewives drive in shiny Edsel eight-cylinder old Ford.

The American scene, the deep South and the great Wild West, all come together in Houston, and swelter at 95 in the shade.

Prices High

Prices are high. Steak costs 5s. a lb., lamb costs 3s. 6d., chicken about the same. The office girl's hamburger lunch and iced tea would cost her 1s. 9d. or the business executive's lunch anything up to £2.

Young, married, Katherine Moody, whose husband served in Britain during the war, has to pay 17s. 6d. for new pyjamas, £3 15s. for a summer dress, 2s. 6d. for a pair of sandals and £2 12s. 6d. for a vacuum cleaner.

Her husband pays 2s. 6d. for a Panama hat, 2s. 10s. for his shoes, £1.5s. for a lightweight suit and 6s. for a beret.

But salaries are half as high again as the British equivalent and there are plenty of jobs.

The Texans are the most world-minded people in the U.S.A. Their State is big enough to hold three Englands, a Scotland and ten Wales. But it is proud of its British tradition and extends a welcoming hand to us visitors.

Already 5,000 Britons have arrived since the end of the war. Union Jacks are shown at Houston lunch clubs and 30 columns of Macs adorn the Houston telephone book.

Ludwigshafen, August 3. Latest official estimates reveal the number of dead in the recent explosion at the I. G. Farben chemical works here to be 186. Sixty-three workers are still missing, feared dead. Agence France-Presse.

The leaders, military and political, who are charged with the defence of these islands might well consider now whether or not to rebuild at any rate the framework of that very great colonial army.

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MOSCOW TALKS GOOD SIGN

Hopes Rise Of Four-Power Conference Special British Envoy To Stay In Moscow

Washington, August 4. The simultaneous lifting of the Berlin blockade and the preparation of agenda for Big Four talks to settle the German and European problems, were discussed at the meeting between Stalin and the Western envoys.

FIGHT IN PLANE OVER RUM

New York, August 3. A huge Skymaster airliner carrying 60 passengers jolted and swayed over the Atlantic today while the pilot struggled desperately with two men who had started to fight over a bottle of rum.

The pilot, Captain Anthony Machado, noticed when the airliner was 600 miles north of Porto Rico on a flight to New York, that the tail seemed heavy. He wrestled with the controls until the aircraft would not regain trim.

Going out to the passenger cabin, he found two men struggling with the steward. One of the men jumped at him and hit him. He forced the man back to his seat and flashed a message to La Guardia Airport asking for police to meet the aircraft on its arrival.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation later arrested two passengers, Diego Cordova, 28, and Benito Santana, 34, and charged them with having willfully interfered with the navigation of the aircraft.—Reuter.

PLIGHT OF BRITISH OFFICERS IN KASHMIR

London, August 3. The Government was tonight urgently considering how best British officers can be extricated from the Indian and Pakistan armies now ranged against each other in Kashmir.

An official statement in Delhi today that the Pakistan Army was fighting against the forces of the sister Dominion, corroborated later by well-informed quarters in Karachi, has raised the most serious problems for Britain. The gravest concern was being expressed here about the serious implications of a situation which obviously cannot be allowed to continue. The whole Commonwealth is considered to be involved.

British officers are not thought to be taking any active part in the fighting but the clear suggestion is that on both sides they are playing an important part in training and planning for the Kashmir campaign.

The majority of the British officers serving with the two Dominions fall into three categories and means exist for withdrawing them from the predicament in which they are now finding themselves.

The first category are British Army technicians and other staff officers who were seconded to the armies of India and Pakistan when these became separate forces.

Drastic Cut In Banks

Shanghai, August 4. The Premier, Mr. Wong Wen-hao, general economic improvement programme will call for a drastic cut in the nation's present 6,000 banking institutions to 2,000, the Chinese press reported tonight.

The report said all commercial and native banks will be required to register with the Ministry of Finance for a general recapitalisation plan under which banks will increase their capital by pooling resources while a number of small banks will be eliminated.

The detailed measures, which will be submitted to the Executive Yuan this week for approval, include a stricter control over bank deposits in an effort to prevent loans at high interest and supervision of trust business transactions.

The press said the Government will absorb all privately-owned shares in Government banks to complete the nationalisation of the Government banking system.

PRAGUE REPEATS SPY CHARGES

Prague, August 3. The Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry today maintained its charges that United States intelligence agents in Germany had sent Czech political emigres back to Czechoslovakia to murder the country's political leaders.

The charge was re-emphasised in a reply to a United States protest which was published in the Government-controlled Cetecka news agency.

The Foreign Office stated, in its reply, that the activities of American intelligence organisations may not have been known by the American military authorities but it demands that a speedy enquiry should be made into the matter.

It was alleged that Milan Choc, who had murdered a member of the Czechoslovak administration, had received instructions from an American intelligence agent at Ratisbon in Germany, who had promised him asylum in the American zone.

Dr. Edmunds suggested to an unauthorised Lower House the establishment of a milk and fruit juice bar beside the Parliamentary bar and the limiting of drinking hours from noon to 6 p.m.

Without committing itself, the House went on to discuss another bill.—United Press.

B29'S TO JOIN IN SEARCH

Paris, August 3. Seven United States Super-Fortress bombers will tomorrow join the search for the giant Latécoère-031 flying boat missing in the North Atlantic since Sunday.

French, American and Portuguese aircraft and ships are continuing their search.

It is understood that as soon as the Berlin blockade was lifted the United States, Britain and France were prepared to discuss the German problem as a whole, as well as the question of peace in Europe.

The three envoys expressed a desire to continue their exchange of views on the subject.

This is according to diplomatic sources, which said that hopes had been buoyed that the Soviets were willing to take part in a four-power conference.

A good sign, they said, was the fact that Frank Roberts, Mr. Bovin's private secretary, was not returning to London from Moscow.

and the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Lewis Douglas.

It was rumoured in London that a meeting of the Big Four might take place either in Paris during the United Nations General Assembly or in Moscow.

In Washington, the Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall, discussed with his advisers the report from Mr. Bedell Smith. The State Department spokesman said he could not disclose anything about the report.

They emphasised that as soon as the Berlin blockade was lifted the United States, Britain and France were prepared to discuss the German problem as a whole, as well as the question of peace in Europe.

The three envoys expressed a desire to continue their exchange of views on the subject.

Big Four To Meet?

A Foreign Office spokesman in London said "We are neither optimistic nor pessimistic."

He added that a report from Mr. Roberts had been received and was discussed by Mr. Bovin

and the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Lewis Douglas.

In the aide memoire, Mr. Bedell Smith said the three Powers gave assurances that they desired to avoid all policies with the Soviet but reassured their right to remain in Berlin.

They emphasised that as soon as the Berlin blockade was lifted the United States, Britain and France were prepared to discuss the German problem as a whole, as well as the question of peace in Europe.

The three envoys expressed a desire to continue their exchange of views on the subject.

Soviet Speculation

In Berlin, the Soviet-controlled German press speculated that the Moscow talks might lead to a Big Four conference on Korea, China and other points of East-West dispute, including Berlin and Germany.

The Berliner Zeitung said the Kremlin meeting might eventually bring together Stalin, President Truman, Mr. Attlee and M. Andre Marie, the French Premier.

Even if such a meeting were not held, the paper said, a meeting of the Foreign Ministers of the four powers is considered virtually certain.—Agence France-Presse, Associated Press and Reuter.

RUSSIAN WILES IN BERLIN

Berlin, August 3. Russian today renewed her offer to furnish Western Berlin factories with power, raw materials, coal and markets—if they turned their backs on the Western Allies.

Heinrich Rau, chairman of the Soviet Zone Economic Commission, was quoted in Berlin's afternoon Communist papers as saying he would be ready to furnish large factories in Berlin's West sectors with electricity from the Soviet Zone and small factories with generators. Western Berlin has been limited to four hours' electricity daily since the Soviets cut off outside power a month ago.

Rau added that the Soviet Zone also was prepared to furnish raw materials and coal for Western Berlin factories.—United Press.

A solution of the problem of these men is simple. It is understood that they can easily be withdrawn.

The second category is Indian Army officers who, on long leave pending retirement, "chose to serve in the armies of the new Dominions. Third come the India Army men receiving a pension for their services who decided to enlist in one of the new armies. These latter can be influenced through their pensions now paid under the sterling balances agreements by one of the two Dominion Governments.

Certain enactments regulate the service of British personnel with the Indian and Pakistani forces and there is, of course, the agreement between Britain and each of the Dominions in turn that serving officers may be withdrawn if it is deemed necessary.—Reuter.

LEBENSRAUM DEMAND FOR GREEK SURPLUS

London, August 3. Greece has asked the Big Four to allow the free entry of her "surplus population" into Italy's pre-war colonies to alleviate her unemployment problem.

A written statement containing the request has been submitted to the Big Four Deputy Foreign Ministers, who are considering what should be done with Libya, Eritrea and Somalia.

The Greek Government has expressed no views on how and by whom the African territories should in future be administered.

The Deputies have to hear the views of all interested governments and report to their Foreign Ministers by August 24. Three weeks later, unless the Big Four governments agreed on what should happen to the colonies, the problem will be placed on the agenda of the United Nations General Assembly due to meet in Paris on September 31.

India was to have delivered her views on the disposal of the colonies today but failed to do so. The Dominions had until Saturday in which to do so.

General Affairs and Petroleum are due to tell the Deputies about their views on the colonies.

PRAGUE REPEATS SPY CHARGES

Prague, August 3. The Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry today maintained its charges that United States intelligence agents in Germany had sent Czech political emigres back to Czechoslovakia to murder the country's political leaders.

The charge was re-emphasised in a reply to a United States protest which was published in the Government-controlled Cetecka news agency.

The Foreign Office stated, in its reply, that the activities of American intelligence organisations may not have been known by the American military authorities but it demands that a speedy enquiry should be made into the matter.

It was alleged that Milan Choc, who had murdered a member of the Czechoslovak administration, had received instructions from an American intelligence agent at Ratisbon in Germany, who had promised him asylum in the American zone.

Dr. Edmunds suggested to an unauthorised Lower House the establishment of a milk and fruit juice bar beside the Parliamentary bar and the limiting of drinking hours from noon to 6 p.m.

Without committing itself, the House went on to discuss another bill.—United Press.

GUERRILLA FORCES IN KWANTUNG

Conson, August 4. Communist-led guerrillas operating in South China believe that within a year they will have isolated the principal cities of China and forced the National Government out of business.

That is the report brought back by an American engineer who spent several weeks as a prisoner in the hands of a guerrilla band operating in Kwantung province. An employee of a Chinese firm, he was released when he convinced his captors that he did not represent either the Chinese or the American Governments.

The engineer, who asked that his identity not be disclosed, said that his captors were well equipped with good although not standard arms, and plenty of ammunition. During his captivity they had a short engagement with Nationalist troops during a night march, which however ended without casualties to either side.

He said communications between various guerrilla bands seemed to be good, with a regular courier service maintaining contact. Their relations with people in the surrounding countryside also seemed good, because the guerrillas claimed they were ridding the area of bandits.

A number of men in the unit were well-educated, and many were overseas Chinese from Malaya and Trinidad. They were well-grounded in Communist ideology, although the engineer said he found them more moderate in their views than he had been led to believe.

He said he was well-treated, and the Communists told him he would be treated as any prisoner of war. Questioned as to whether the Communists considered themselves at war with the United States, they replied that they were at war with "those Americans in the Truman-Murphy clique who are participating in the American invasion of China."—United Press.

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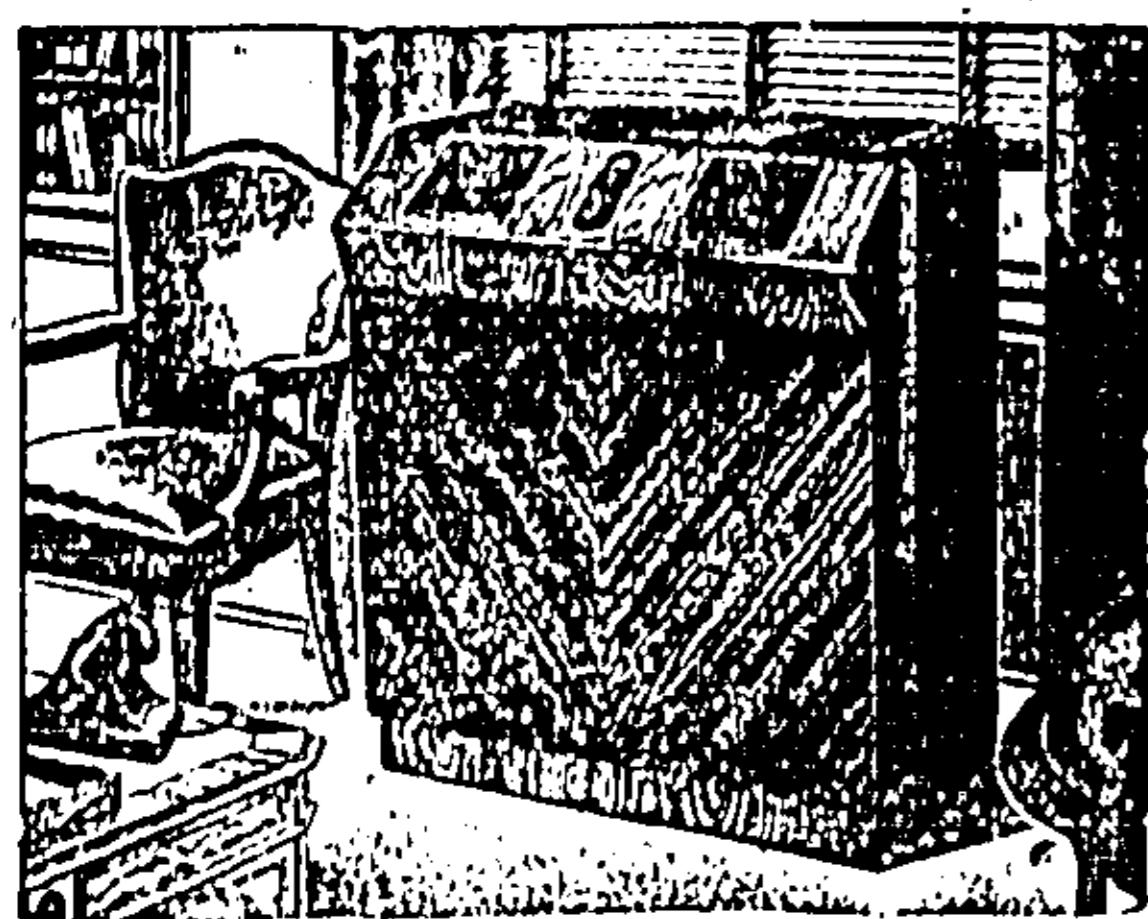
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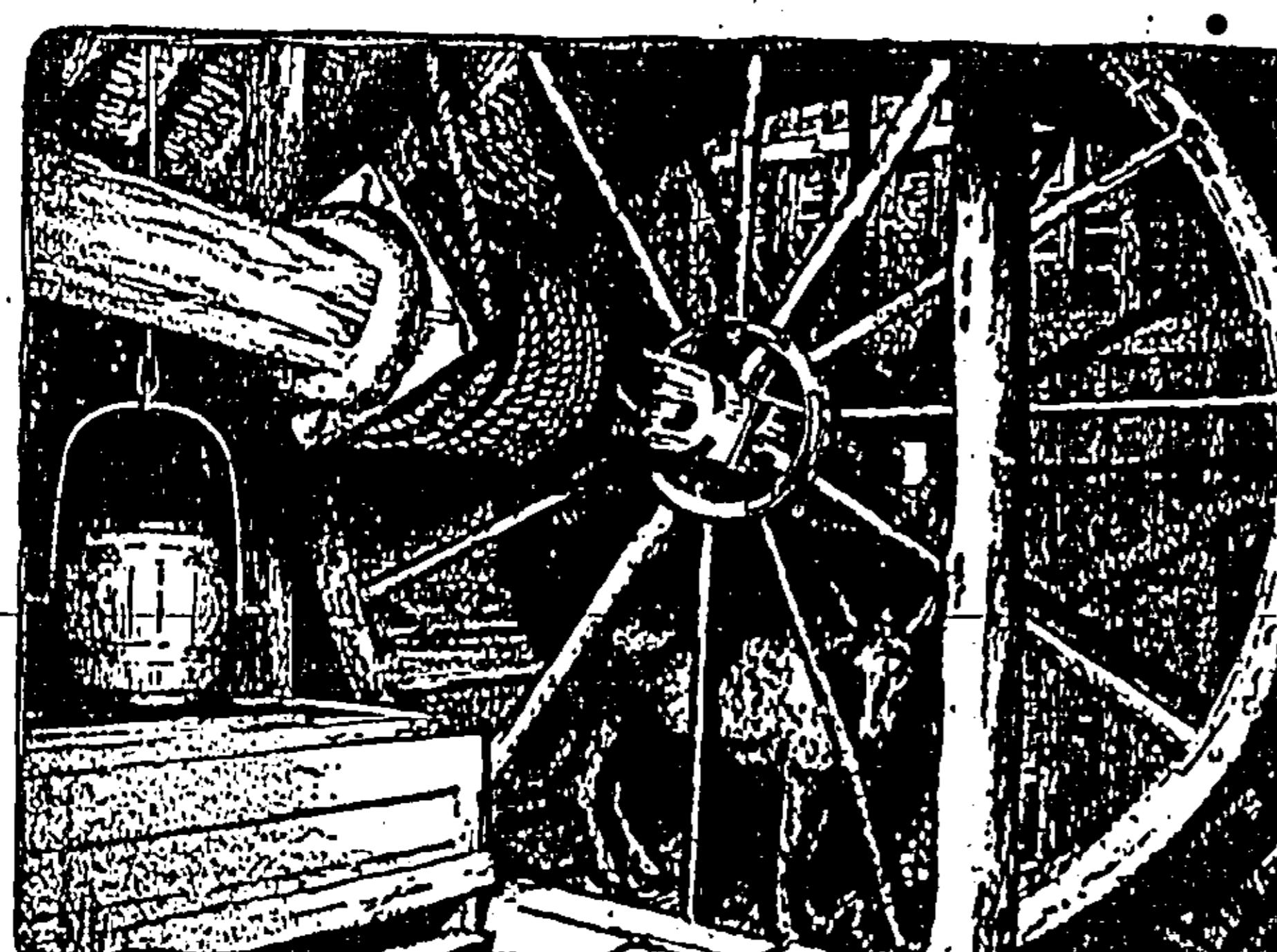
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ENGINEERING PAGE STEEL'S PART IN BRITAIN'S BATTLE OF PRODUCTION

By John Kingsley

Looking back over Britain's battle of Production there are two big industrial successes to record. The year 1947 ended with Britain's first battle won—the battle for coal. We have just about 6,000,000 tons more today than we expected to have at the end of the summer. Steel production is the other big success. It made a great recovery in the last few months of the year, and, in spite of the February crisis, which drastically cut production, hit the target for 1947. The steel-production target for 1948 has been set at the record total of 14,750,000 tons. This will allow us to export 1,750,000 tons, and keep 13,000,000 for home industry. That is 1,500,000 more than industry got in 1947, and nearly 3,000,000 more than in an average pre-war year.

In 1947, it became evident that the two fundamentals of our industrial economy should be able to carry the load which Britain's export programme places upon them. Unless that were true, of course, the whole export programme would not worth the paper it was written on. But, because it is true, the country can face 1948 with reasonable confidence.

Wider Issue

But no more than that. It would be foolish to be "too soon make glad." The success of the coal and steel industries in 1947 has made it possible to carry on the next stage of the fight for more production and more exports. When that fight is won—and winning it is Britain's task for 1948—we shall be in a position to face the wider issue of our long-term future as an industrial nation. That is something far beyond our own borders.

British industry's job in 1948 is to get a ten per cent. increase in production, and now that we know there is going to be enough coal, and steel, and power, it should not be too difficult. By cutting imports of everything we can do without, including food, the country got its monthly adverse trade balance down to about £30,000,000 for the month of November. By getting a ten per cent. increase in production, the idea is that we shall be able to export goods worth just about £30,000,000 each month more than we have been. Therefore, if in 1948 our imports continue to be cut to the bone, and our exports hit the target, we will achieve an overall balance of payments. At the end of 1947, we were down on the year by just about £600,000,000.

That overall balance of payments sounds much more comforting than it really is. It is important, of course, and vitally so, but it is not the end of the problem, by any means. The latest estimate is that, even if we reach this happy overall balance in 1948, Britain's trade balance with the dollar area will be adverse to the tune of £300,000,000. Now the mere fact that, by her export drive, Britain may, with a lot of luck, have a favourable balance with some other countries, will not help her to meet her dollar deficit. In fact, a lot of our production is going under the general heading of "unrequried exports," meaning goods for which we shall not be paid in hard currency or gold.

How, then, are we to pay for the goods we will have to obtain from the dollar area because we cannot get them anywhere else?

We still have some gold, and that, it is estimated will last until June. After that, I suppose it is the Marshall Plan or nothing. If we are forced to get from the dollar area only what we could actually pay for with dollars earned by our own exports, or with gold, we are going to have to cut our dollar purchases by at least half in 1948, and by a lot more than half in 1949. But that would clearly delay indefinitely any real British or European recovery, and the political and economic con-

sequences of a setback of that magnitude would be incalculable, and not only in Europe. It is to avoid just that that the Marshall Plan was put forward.

Essential Supplies

Assuming that it goes through, Britain's essential supplies—on a very low standard of living, it is true—will be assured, and she will therefore carry through her export programme as far as possible. I believe that the production side of that programme can and will be reached. Whether enough of our exports can be directed where they will do the most good, which is to the dollar and other hard-currency area, remains to be seen. Certainly, a large proportion of them are going under the unrequried-export heading, and this raises the question of whether such exports are worth the sacrifice of so much of our own capital reconstruction.

We have already accepted the fact that our original plans for capital reconstruction in 1949 must be cut—in view of the present situation—by £100,000,000. The saving in materials and labour will be devoted to the export trade. Now there is no need to stress the need for capital reconstruction in the form of new rolling stock and railway lines, new roads and factories, and unlimited numbers of houses. But by postponing this urgently need-

ed job we shall be doing something which we hope will prove just as important—helping the European and other sterling-area countries which receive our goods to build up their own economies.

So that, although some of our exports are going to be unrequried in the strict and immediate sense, they may, we hope, help to turn the balance towards prosperity in other countries. This, again, comes into the Marshall Plan, as part of the international-self-help phase of it. It is quite clear that Britain cannot hope to reach prosperity if her customers remain poor. Though we hope to get direct help from America to meet our personal debts, we are also proposing to do our part by passing on to Europe the products of our factories, even though we shall not earn dollars with them.

But you can see that it is all going to take a lot of management, and that there is not much margin of time. Things have got to succeed, and do so reasonably quickly, if Europe is to avoid economic collapse.

Trade Facts

Beside coal and steel, there are other encouraging aspects. The Russian trade agreement is one of them, and the Swedish agreement is another. The last was particularly important, because it opened up the Swedish market to a great many British products which have not been able to get in yet. Now there is fairly good reason for believing that, in 1948, or at any rate in the near future, something like this can be done with the thirty or forty other countries with whom we are opening negotiations.

This is all part of the process of mutual self-help, of each nation throwing the lifeline to the other. And it will continue, if the first link in the lifeline comes, as most of Europe believes it will, from the United States.

Before the war, Britain's annual trade deficit was only a little over twelve per cent. of the present figure. One reason the deficit was so low was that we had an enormous income from overseas investments, from shipment, and from banking, insurance, and other commercial services performed by the City of London. The overseas investments were liquidated to pay for the war, and we ended the war with a merchant fleet only half the size with which we began it. That is why we have to pay as we do today, instead of being able to draw on assets built up over four or five generations when Britain was the world's greatest industrial nation, and its greatest foreign lender.

Costs Switch

There was also another reason for the small deficit in pre-war years. The cost of the things we imported—food and raw materials—was cheap, but the cost of the manufactured goods we exported was not so cheap. The fall in world prices was very much greater in the case of most raw materials than it was in the case of manufactured goods. Every farmer knows that from personal experience. That certainly is not true today. Prices are still at high levels. Of course, that is why the American loan, which was supposed to last for five years, lasted only for just over two. That is why we had, at the end of 1947, to cut our food bill by one-quarter.

"We Are Not Used to this Sort of Ordeal."

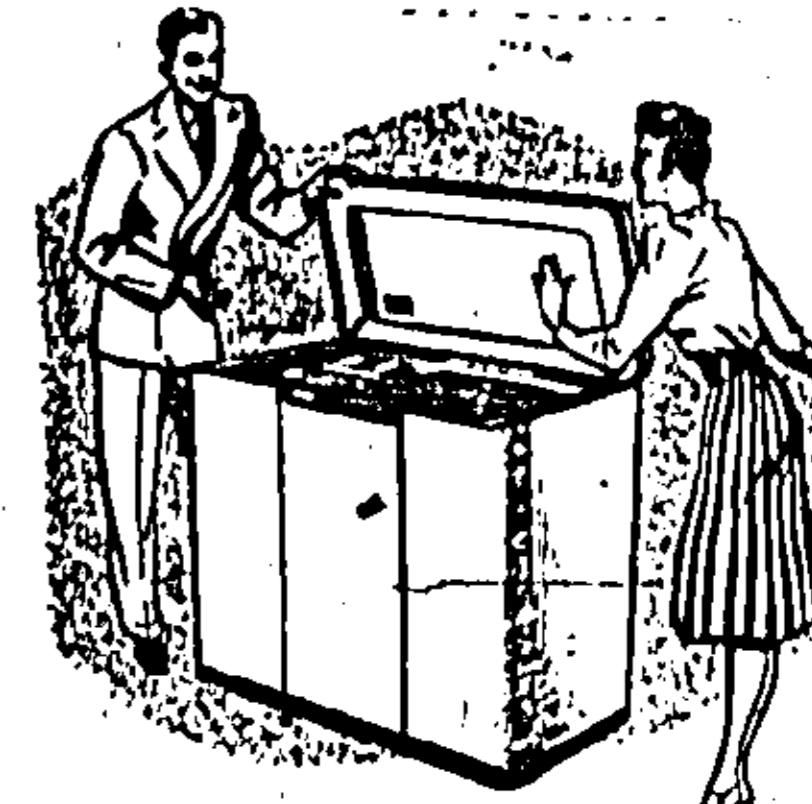
The significance of these things is very hard for millions of ordinary British men and women to grasp. We are not used to this sort of economic crisis, and, naturally enough, the nation's hopes were for a better world after the war. Nobody's idea of a better world includes more rationing and harder work, yet that is just what it has turned out to be.

There is a new spirit in Britain, a spirit which grew up in 1947. I should say that the almost total absence of strikes in recent months is concrete evidence of that. That is good testimony to the sense of responsibility not merely of the trade unions but of the ordinary man and woman. They do not know all the details, but they know in general that we are up against it and they are doing as they always have, pulling their weight.

If I think, then, you can say that, as far as Britain is concerned in 1948, we are going to do our share of the work of getting out of the post-war impoverishment of the greater part of the world. If we only had to deal with our own problems inside our own borders, we would have the problem solved by 1950. But that is not the case. Almost, more than any other nation, our prosperity depends on that of the world in general. And, as I tried to show earlier, we are planning to do our share of that, too.

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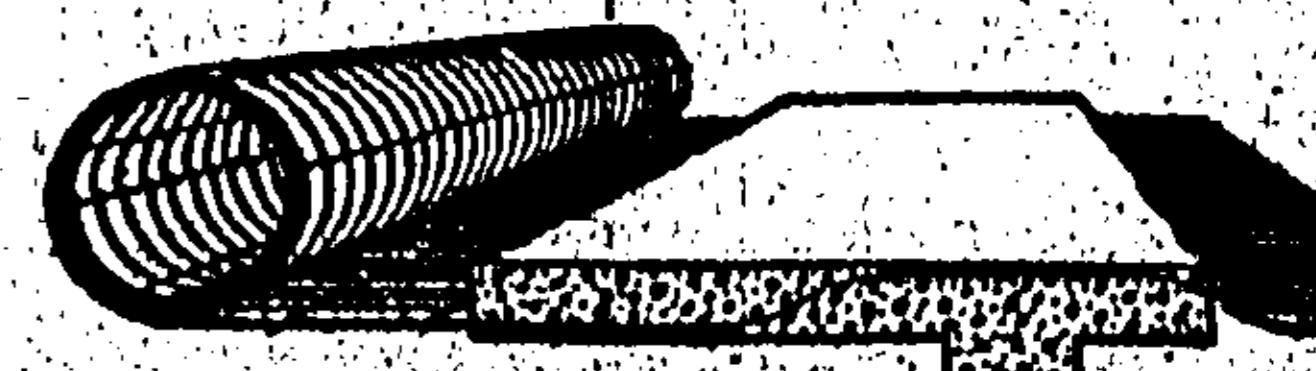
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Machine For Scrubbing The Floor



A new floor cleaner produced by Fraser Tuson Products, of Beckenham, Kent, England. This floor cleaner not only applies a soap solution to the floor and thoroughly scrubs it by means of three rotating brushes, but also picks up the dirty soapsuds and leaves the floor dry and clean. The machine carries two motors, one of which operates three scrubbing brushes, which have a double rotating motion, while the other drives a suction system to remove the dirty suds from the floor and deposits them in a tank provided. A variety of brushes can be supplied to cover different types of floors and floor coverings and variable loading can be applied to the brushes to ensure that different types of surface are thoroughly cleaned.

Two Fresh Advances In Lens-Making Technique

A dozen or so years ago it would have been generally correct to say that the process of making spectacle lenses had not changed much in three centuries. But recently two innovations in particular have changed traditional processes. One is the use of diamond tools, an old-established element of glass, the other is the moulding of optical plastics. In lens forms, Britain's optical industry, without heavy, long-established investments in orthodox lens plant, and with an incentive to quick expansion of its manufacturing capacity, has been well placed for experimentation. It was, for example, first in the field with commercial plastic spectacle lenses.

Plastic spectacle lenses have several advantages: they are considerably lighter than glass lenses of similar size, thickness and power; their light transmission is rather higher than that of spectacle lenses; they are made easier and a high percentage of first-quality finished lenses

suffer from only one disadvantage, being susceptible to abrasion, but the search goes on for a satisfactory method of increasing the resistance of plastic lenses to abrasion without affecting their homogeneity or amenability to precise moulding. Turning to glass lenses and the development of grinding with diamond, grain, the obvious objective, is a quicker production. When grinding is done with a diamond impregnated tool, for an average operational cycle of a block containing ten or a dozen lenses in about seven minutes, a battery of six diamond grinding tools can be minded by one operator. The actual process of grinding is automatic. And, providing the diamond impregnated tool is properly serviced, the resultant surfaces are of uniformly high quality. Hence, the subsequent smoothing and polishing are made easier and a high percentage of first-quality finished lenses

ANGLO-RUSSIA CLASHES AT DANUBE NAVIGATION TALKS

"NOT JUMPING TO VYSHINSKY WHIP"

Trouble In Cyprus

Nicosia, August 4. Striking miners at the British-American asbestos mines today occupied all surface and underground workings at the mountain village of Ashlands, near Nicosia, despite police baton charges in which casualties were numerous.

The miners declared their intention of remaining until their wage demands were met.—Reuter.

FREEDOM TO PICK HUSBAND

Geneva, August 3. The Soviet delegate, R. P. Pavlov, today opposed a resolution by Chile demanding "freedom for women to choose a husband" and "freedom to leave their country of origin to live with their husband in any other country."

Mr. Pavlov, in the United Nations Economic and Social Council, said that Russian brides, who had gone to Britain "were paying dearly for the misfortune of having a British husband" and were seeking to return to the Soviet Union. "In spite of the lies told them abroad that they would be sent to Siberia as soon as they reached Russia."

He attacked "the widespread concept of marriage making it a commercial deal not differing from legal prostitution."

The British delegate, Mr. R. M. Morgan, said that the best argument against the Russian charges was that the Russian wives had been allowed to return to their home-country. "Unless the Soviet Union grants local freedom of movement, it has no moral right to make accusations," he added.

The debate is expected to continue for several days.—Reuter

JINNAH SHOULD BE TRIED!

New Delhi, August 3. Fifty Indian Socialist leaders today addressed a request to the United Nations Commission on Kashmir asking that Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, be tried on the charge of "having caused unprecedented bloodshed" by advocating the division of India.

They added that this request, which is to be handled by the Commission through the medium of Pandit Nehru, is based on the fact that Jinnah "exploited the religious feelings of the Moslems to serve his personal ambitions." The prominent Indian Socialist leader, Jay Prakash Narayan, told the press that India should start a "third world" political group, comprising all the nations which are unwilling to join the American or Soviet blocs.—Agence France-Presse.

More Troops For Hainan

Canton, August 4. Hainan Island is to be reinforced with more naval and air force units to supplement the land forces in driving out the thousand or more Communists operating on the island.

The local report giving this adds that the cruiser Chungking and the destroyers Linfu (two former British warships) will feature prominently in the reinforcement scheme.

These two ships are expected to join China's Fourth Naval Zone flotilla, one of whose main duties is said to be the patrolling and protection of the Kwangtung and Hainan coasts.

The Chungking and Linfu are

"NOT JUMPING TO VYSHINSKY WHIP"

Belgrade, August 3. Sir Charles Peake, the British delegate, told the 10-nation Danube Conference here today that Britain would not be bullied by the Russian delegation and would not "jump to the crack of M. Vyshinsky's whip."

He was referring to the attack by the Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister who accused the Western powers of presenting an ultimatum to the Conference and told them that if they persisted, "the door would be open for them to leave."

Referring to the Soviet policy in Eastern Europe, Sir Charles said: "Is the acquisition of majority shares in indigenous transport companies imperialism?"

"Is the sequestration of assets from unwilling states imperialism? If so, against whom does the charge of imperialism lie?"

RACIAL RIOTS IN LIVERPOOL

Liverpool, August 3.

Fifty people, mostly coloured, appeared in court here today after what the police described as "serious racial disturbances" during the past few days.

The prosecuting solicitor said the charges arose from the disturbances in the great north-western seaport's coloured quarter when fights broke out resulting in damage to houses and property and injuries to a number of people.

"Things came to a head last night," he said. A gang of negroes armed with bottles, swords, daggers, iron bars, coshers and axes was seen to attack a group of people who were walking peacefully.

Police officers had stones and bottles thrown at them from the windows of a club they had forced an entry into after police cars had raced to the spot and turned their headlights on the building.

One man had a loaded automatic pistol which he pointed on the police but was not able to fire it. The accused were remanded.—Reuter.

LEGAL CODE FOR US SERVICES

Washington, August 4. A universal code of military justice for all the US armed forces will be drafted to replace the present separate army and navy systems.

Secretary of Defense James Forrestal named a committee of civilian and military legal experts to draw up the new code for submission to Congress in January.

The group is headed by Edmund Morris Morgan, Harvard Law School professor. Other members are Under-Secretary of the Navy John Kenny, assistant Secretary of the Army Doel Gray and Assistant Secretary of Air Eugene M. Zucker.—Associated Press.

SLEEPING SICKNESS

Tokyo, August 4. The Japanese health authorities have warned the public against a "sleeping sickness" epidemic which has already taken five lives in Tokyo since July 1.

They said 20 positive cases, mostly among children, had been reported.

The last epidemic was reported 13 years ago. The authorities have asked Tokyo residents to exterminate mosquitoes, which they claim spread the disease.—United Press.

scheduled to leave Hong Kong early this week for North China, where they will receive their final orders.—Reuter.

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PLANE WING LIKE A TADPOLE

Melbourne, August 3. A wing shaped like a tadpole will be tested in Melbourne shortly.

Prof. A. V. Stephens, Professor of Aeronautics at the Sydney University, said that it was built by the Department of Aircraft Production in Melbourne.

Experiments had been going on for 10 months. He said it had nothing to do with supersonic research.

If it is successful, it would allow more storage space in the wings and would reduce "drag."

The wing is 80 feet long and will be tested in a glider towed by a RAAF plane Prof. Stephens said.

In the top of the wing is a series of slots, which operate a

auction system to overcome atmospheric drag.

The glider will carry its own blower to set up suction through the wing slots.

The anti-drag principle works when the air is sucked through the slots in front and discharged at the back.

The idea might later be developed for jet propulsion, Prof. Stephens added.—United Press.

Communists "Expel" 4 Priests

Shanghai, August 4.

Three French priests and one Belgian father taken prisoner by the Communists for nine months at the Catholic mission at Sienhsien, 100 miles south of Peiping, were sentenced to "expulsion from China."

They were charged with "spying for the Kuomintang and the United States," according to a Red broadcast today.

The broadcast over the Communist North Shanghai radio named the priests as Bishop Rene Charvet and priests Arthur Baur and Jean Mollet (French) and the Belgian priest, Marcel Lichberger.

A Chinese priest was sentenced to one year imprisonment. Three other French priests will be on the accused list.

The earnestness with which, according to the Red broadcast, they "confessed their crimes" was reminiscent of the Moscow trials of the last decade when Stalin got rid of his political opposition.

Through their long imprisonment, reliable reports reaching Peiping and Tientsin said that the accused were being subjected to mental torture such as denying them sleep until they wrote their "confessions." —United Press.

DRUG TRAFFIC INCREASE

Berne, August 3.

The United Nations Economic and Social Congress today adopted a report advocating strong International conventions to check the drug traffic which was stated to have expanded dangerously lately.

Countries where opium smoking is still practised were called upon to place a strict ban on the importation of opium and to practise the policy of opium suppression.

Governments are requested to co-operate in investigating the origin of drugs, and the resolution further provides for consultations towards calling a conference of opium-producing countries and of countries using opium for medicinal purposes in order to draft a convention limiting the production of opium.

Another resolution provided for the publication of periodical reports on the drug problem.

The Council failed to reach agreement on the duration of powers of members of the Drugs Committee but it was eventually decided that, as from December 1949, the committee members would be elected for three years. The problem will be reconsidered by the Council during its next session.—Agence France-Presse.

TRUMAN E.P.T. PROPOSAL

Washington, August 3. President Truman proposed to Congress today a \$4,300,000 excess profits tax, which one of its Congressional sponsors said was designed to protect the public from "peacetime profiteers."

Representative John Dingle (Democrat, Michigan), who said he would introduce the tax bill tomorrow, issued a statement, saying that "with corporate profits after taxes nearly 100 per cent above the peak war year, 1943, the consuming public is entitled to protection from peacetime profiteers."

"All my observations show that our Australian forces in Japan are a model of good behaviour and efficiency."

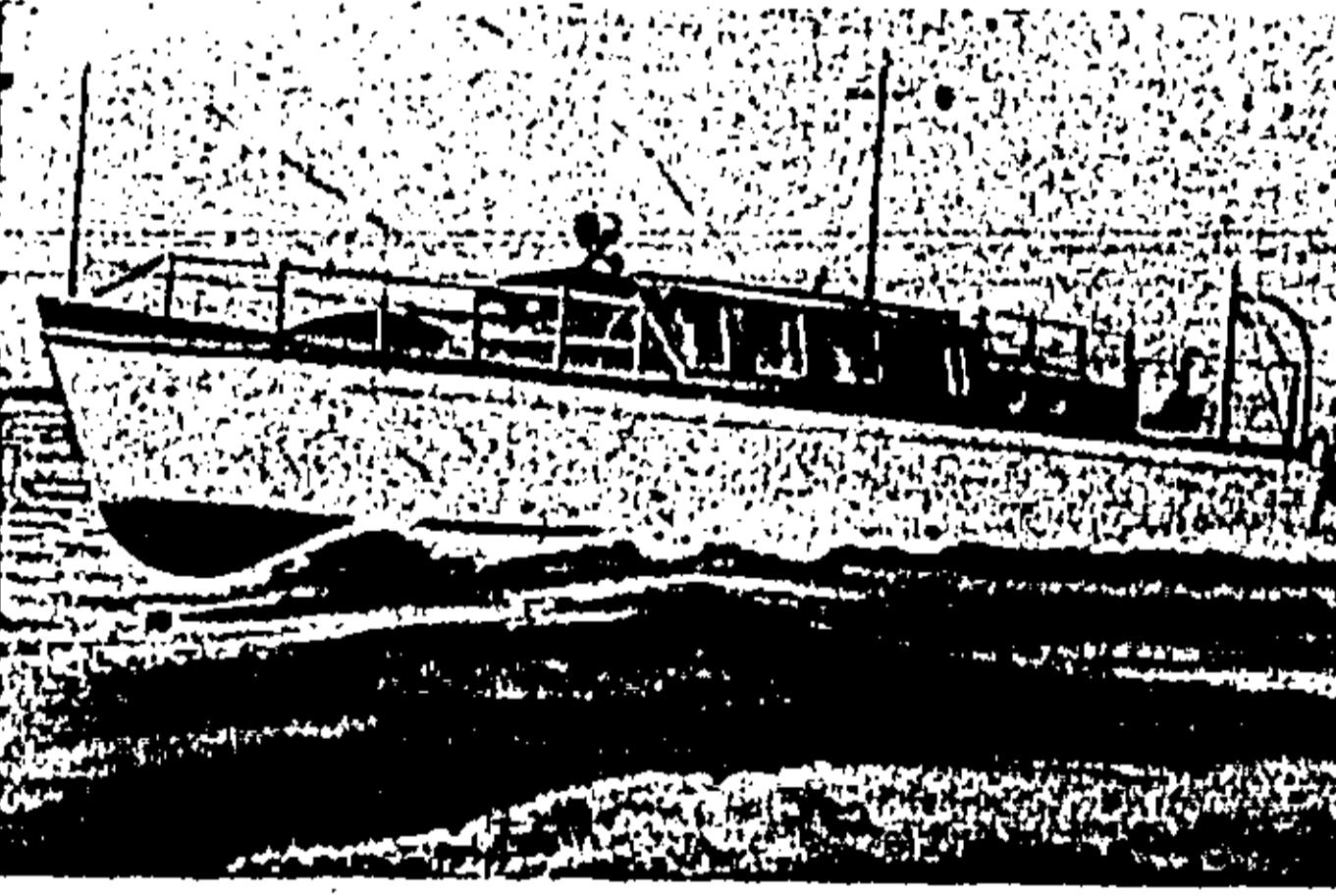
Air Marshal Jones flew to Japan in an Australian-built Lincoln. He will call at Guam on his way back to Australia since July 1.

He said 20 positive cases, mostly among children, had been reported.

The last epidemic was reported 13 years ago.

The authorities have asked Tokyo residents to exterminate mosquitoes, which they claim spread the disease.—United Press.

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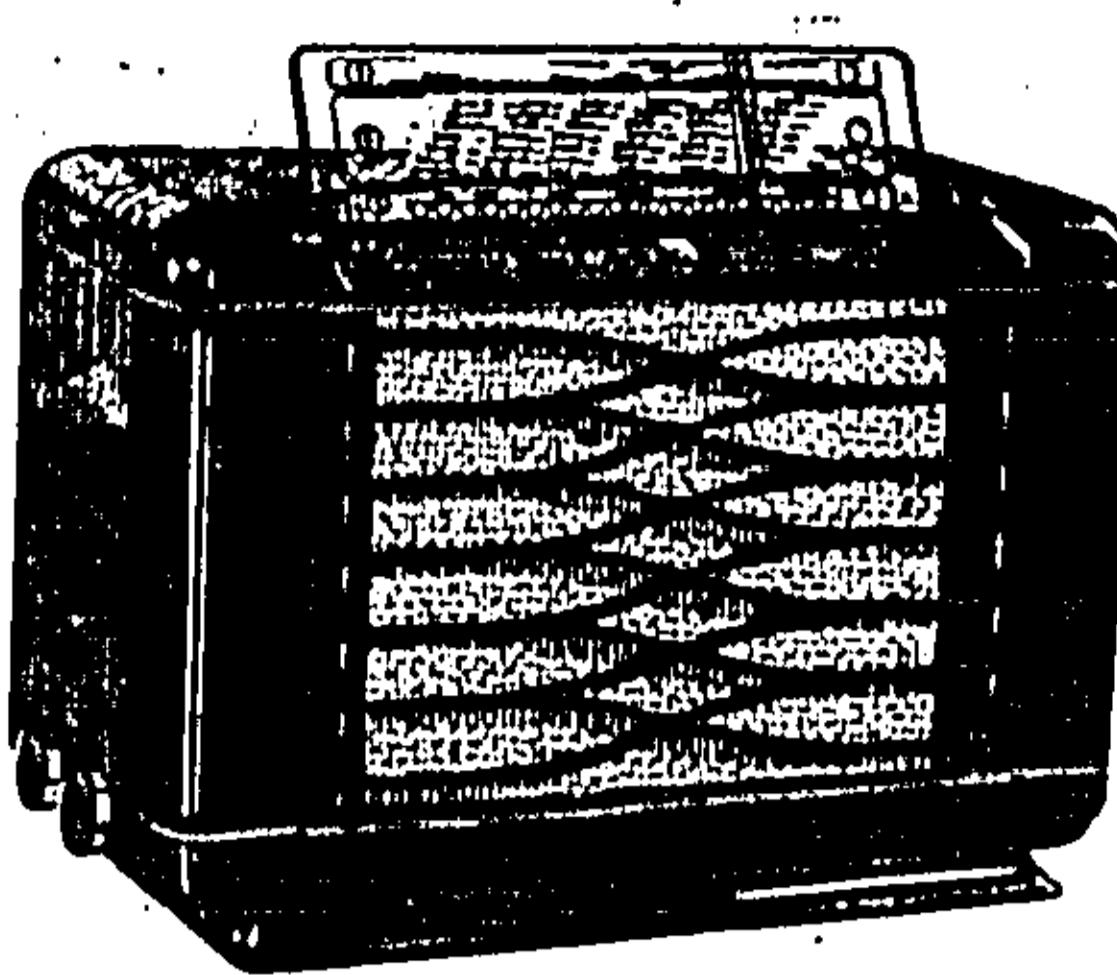
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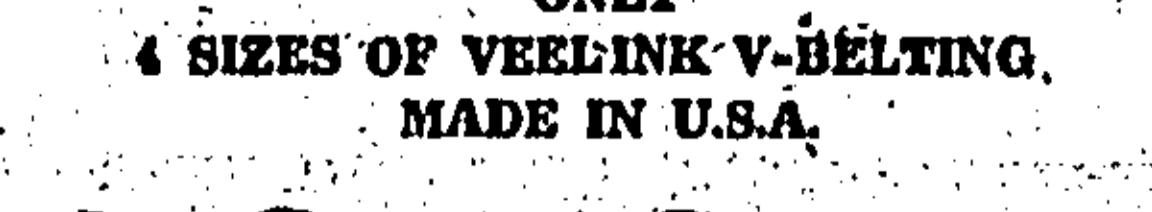
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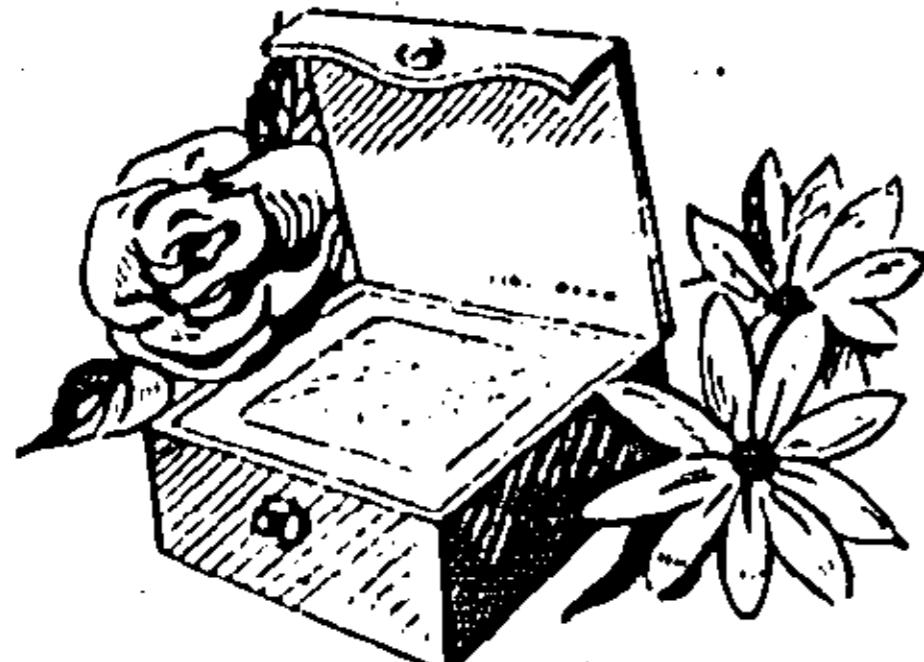
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INTERNATIONAL FORCE TO TAKE OVER JERUSALEM? BERNADOTTE IN HOLY CITY

Jerusalem, August 3. The United Nations Mediator, Count Folke Bernadotte, said today that the demilitarisation of Jerusalem might necessitate an international police force of about 2,500 men. While the organising of such a force might last two to three months, the local Consular Truce Commission might provide an intermediary force. The countries are Belgium, the United States and France.

The demilitarisation of Jerusalem, which was also discussed with official Jewish and Arab representatives here during Count Bernadotte's two days in Jerusalem, is urgently needed to end the July sniping in the Holy City, the Count said.

He added he is not inclined to regard mutual sniping as true belligerence for which the respective Arab or Israeli Governments are responsible but as "incidents" only.

Admitting that the demilitarisation of Jerusalem and the withdrawal of all armed Arab and Jewish forces from the area would bring about "temporary partition" here, he said the whole arrangement would be provisional only and regardless of any later high level decision on the future status of Jerusalem.

He stressed that Arab and Jewish representatives are ready to discuss the scheme.

Arab Government

Jamal Hussein, Deputy Chairman of the Arab Higher Executive who is now in the U.S., told the Associated Press that the Palestine Arabs were now forming their own Government. It would include representatives from areas held by the Israelis. Jamal Hussein said that he would be prepared to take any position in the proposed Government. He would fly to Damascus on August 14 to confer with Arab leaders.

Jamal Hussein said that the

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New Canal Project

Washington, August 3. Colombia has agreed to the United States' request to survey for a giant new canal to link the Atlantic and the Pacific 250 miles south-east of Panama, whose Government has refused to renew the lease of America's war time bases.

The State Department, in announcing this, said the survey would be made by a mixed mission of Colombian and United States engineers and would take two months.

The commission will estimate the cost of the project for comparison with other possible canal routes.—Reuter.

BRITAIN EXPORTS MORE COAL

Stockholm, August 3. Lord Hyndley, Chairman of Britain's National Coal Board, told a press conference in Stockholm today that he expected a substantial increase in British coal exports during 1949.

Britain is eager to regain the lost Scandinavian markets, he said. Soft coal exports to Sweden during 1948 have already been far greater than anticipated and by the end of the year the total Swedish imports from Britain will be approximately 1,000,000 tons of soft coal.

This will be more than double the amount Britain first agreed to send.

Lord Hyndley is in Sweden on a combined business and holiday trip. He had been representatives of Sweden coal importers and said he would contact Government officials during the day.—Associated Press.

POP



BRITISH TANKS IN GREEK WAR

Athens, August 3. Using British-made 18-ton Centaur tanks, the Greek Army stormed and captured the Ammouda heights on the Eastern front, the General Staff announced to-night.

Ammouda, which lies between Nestorion and the Albanian frontier, successfully withstood determined army attacks for six

Fanatic guerrilla resistance at Ammouda baulked the original Government plan for the junction of two Army columns in the Grammos Mountains intended to seal off the Albanian border.

It was indicated today that two forces moving east and west in Fourka area west of Konitsa may join up at any hour.

These Army successes verified a growing belief here that all General Markos' inner defences are crumbling.

His forces, which at the opening of the Government offensive six weeks ago controlled 1,000 square miles of territory, are now compressed into less than 300.—Associated Press.

WIFE MURDERER GETS LIFE

Shanghai, August 4. Maj. Gen. Chen Si-wu, former military police officer of Foochow, was sentenced to life imprisonment by the District Court yesterday for murdering his wife with a knife.

Mr. Tan Yee-ming, friend of the accused and alleged partner in the slaying, is still at large.—Reuter.

EX-COMMUNIST NAMES ALLEGED SPIES

Washington, August 3. Four one-time New Deal officials were branded by an ex-Communist today as key figures in the pre-war Red underground created to spy for Russia and work for the overthrow of the American Government.

The quartette, once ranked near the top of the New Deal's "bright young men" was revealed before the House Un-American Activities Committee as Lee Pressman, Nathan Witt and his brother Alger, and Donald Hiss.

Their accuser was Whittaker Chambers, pudgy little Time magazine editor, who said he risked death at the hands of Party "hatchetmen" to renounce Communism in 1937.

Chambers was summoned before the Committee to amplify the story of Red intrigue and espionage related last week by Elizabeth Bentley, another convert from Communism, who claimed to have been a courier for the Washington underground.

The four New Dealers he named were new to the Congressional hunt, but Chambers identified a number of other alleged "undergrounders" previously named by Miss Bentley, including a former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Harry White.

Was At Yalta

Hiss was a State Department official and Nathan Witt, a National Labour Relations Board lawyer.

Chambers said that Hiss later organised the conference at Dumbarton Oaks, San Francisco and the United States side of the Yalta conference.

Chambers said he renounced Communism in disillusion and reported to the Federal authorities two days after the Hitler-Stalin non-aggression pact was signed.

Chambers said Hiss was Secretary General of the San Francisco conference at which the United Nations was founded.—United Press and Associated Press.

ACCRA RIOTING EXPLAINED

London, August 3.

An official Commission of Inquiry reported today on the disorders early this year in the British Colony, the Gold Coast, West Africa, in which 29 were killed and 237 injured.

Among the causes of unrest, the report found, was a feeling of political frustration among educated Africans, who saw no prospect of ever experiencing political power under existing conditions, and who regarded the 1946 constitution as a window-dressing, designed to cover, but not to advance their natural aspirations.

Under this constitution the Gold Coast became the first British Colony in Africa to grant Africans a majority of elective members in its legislature.

The report said that the Government failed to realise with the spread of liberal ideas, increasing literacy and a closer contact with political developments in other parts of the world, the system of rule through the African chiefs was on the wane.

LABOUR TROUBLE IN OHIO

Dayton, Ohio, August 3. National Guards used two Sherman tanks, bayonets and tear gas to break up the crowd that surged up to the gates of the strike bound Univis Lens Company this morning, when employees began going back to work.

A crowd, estimated at some 400 men and women, who had been boeing the non-strikers, broke through the line of Ohio Guardsmen and pushed to the gates of the plant.

Reinforcements were rushed to the gates and the crowd pushed back by tanks and by soldiers marching side by side with fixed bayonets. An Army six-by-six truck, loaded with a tear gas detail, cut into the crowd.

The guards who were rushed to the scene to preserve order were apparently very careful not to injure anyone, but determined to clear the area.—United Press.



By ALEX RAYMOND

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



By Leo Falk and Phil Davis

MANDRAKE GESTURES
—THE SPILLED WATER
SEEMS TO PUSH
BACK INTO
THE GLASS



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COMMUNIST MALAYAN REPUBLIC
WAS ON TERRORIST PROGRAMME
GRANDIOSE PLANS
OF GUERRILLAS

Singapore, August 3: Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, United Kingdom Commissioner for South-East Asia, said in a broadcast speech over Radio Malaya tonight that the Communist terrorists in Malaya had intended to proclaim a Soviet Republic of Malaya today, August 3.

By that time, they expected a "revolutionary tyranny" to be firmly established on the Malay peninsula and Singapore Island, Mr. MacDonald said.

Malayan intelligence officers secured shortly after the outbreak of terrorism a reliable account of the Communist plan, according to which the Communist leaders had decided in March to stage an armed insurrection, introduced by widespread labour unrest in April and violent demonstrations on May Day.

At the beginning of the terrorism early in June, Mr. MacDonald declared, the Communists had hoped to establish quickly the regions which they could proclaim as "independent Communist areas with already prepared provisional Communist administrations.

These areas, the Commissioner continued, were to be steadily extended until combined into one Communist state of formidable size and authority, covering a large part of the peninsula.

The Communist plotters, he said, planned to spread violence simultaneously to Singapore Island and expected that only a short time would be needed to subjugate the colony of Singapo-

Out Of Gear

The enemy's plan had been thrown badly out of gear and had not achieved success, largely as a result of widespread arrests and Government action under the emergency regulations, Mr. MacDonald said.

Police, Army and Air Force in recent weeks had begun to improve the situation, although it would still be folly to underestimate the strength and resources of the Communists.

Reviewing the strength of the Government's forces in Malaya, Mr. MacDonald said the 1st Battalion, Inniskilling Fusiliers from Hong Kong was arriving on August 4 and the 4th Hussars were coming shortly from Britain.

The Gurkhas already in Malaya would soon be relieved of guard duties. This really amounted to a reinforcement equivalent to two brigades, he added.

In addition, "many weeks ago, we advised the London authorities that we might need still further military reinforcements from overseas to finish this job completely."

300 Palestine Police

"We have requested that troops should be prepared and ready so that they might be despatched without loss of time if we asked for them," he said.

The diplomatic situation in Europe was "delicately balanced" so he could not say anything more on this subject, he added.

Regarding air power, Mr. MacDonald said: "We already have more machines and air crews than we can use."

The Federation's regular police force was being increased by 3,000 men and 100 officers and another 10,000 full-time special constables had also been recruited.

Some 300 ex-Palestine policemen would fly out to Malaya this month, the first

group leaving this week. They would be dispersed through the plantations, mines and villages to instruct the special constables and auxiliary police.

The arms situation was "immeasurably improved", he added. The Federation Government had so far issued to civilian static

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"TJIJALENGKA"	from Amoy 13th August	to Javaports & Macassar 15th August	
"TJISADANE"	from Macassar & Javaports 17th August	to Javaports & Macassar 1st September	
"TJIBADAK"	from Macassar & Javaports 1st Sept.	to Javaports & Macassar 15th September	

ASIA-AFRICA-SOUTH AMERICA SERVICE

Arrivals		Sailings	
"RUYIS"	from Japan and Shanghai 26th August	to South Africa via Manila Straits & Batavia 23rd August	
"STRAAT MALAKKA"	from South Africa via South Africa & South America via Manila Straits & Batavia 8th Oct.		

Arrivals		Sailings	
"MOISSEYAN"	from South America & South Africa 21st September	to South Africa & South America via Manila Straits & Batavia 10th November	
	Transhipment cargo on through B/S/L to Dar Es-Salaam, Mombasa, Zanzibar accepted on all sailings.		

SUMATRA-MALAYA-CHINA SERVICE

Arrivals		Sailings	
"VAN HEUTSZ"	In port	to Swatow & Amoy 5th August	
"HEINRICH JESSEN"	from B. Dell & Straits 10th August	to Straits & B. Dell 18th August	

Agents: HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE

Arrivals		Sailings	
"MEERKERK"	from Europe 9th August	to Shanghai & Japan 12th August	
"ANNENKERK"	from Europe 23rd August	to Europe via Manila and Straits 23rd September	
"LANGLEESCHOT"	from Europe End September	to Europe via Manila & Straits Mid October	

Transhipment cargo on through B/S/L accepted to Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

Agents: SILVER LINE LTD.

Arrivals		Sailings	
"SILVERWALNUT"	from U.S. Pacific coast Early Sept.	to Atlantic Ports and U.S. Mid. Sept.	

Office Address: King's Building, Phones: 28016 & 28017
Chinese Agents: 82, Connaw ght Rd., Tel. 31196 & 21533

DE LA RAMA LINES

EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES
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LOADING DATES IN U.S.A.

Arrivals		Vessel	
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	Early Aug.	m.v. "MINDORO"	
	Early Sept.	m.v. "HALLAND"	

ARRIVALS

Date		Vessel	
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	10th August	m.v. "DONA ANICETA"	
	3rd Sept.	m.v. "TONGHAI"	

SAILINGS

Date		Vessel	
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	24th August	m.v. "DONA ANICETA"	
	8th Sept.	m.v. "TONGHAI"	

BOOKING AGENTS for P.A.L.

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BEN LINE STEAMERS LTD.

ARRIVALS

SHIP		FROM		DUE	
S.S. "BENDOREAN"		U.K.	Discharging	K. Wharf (On Maiden Voyage)	10th Aug.
S.S. "BENVENUE"		U.K.			10th Aug.
S.S. "BENVORLICH"		U.K.			Mid Sept.
S.S. "BENLAWERS"		U.K.			Early Oct.

MAILS

SHIP		TO		READY	
S.S. "BENVENUE"	(Colombo)	Aden, Port Said		Mid Aug.	
S.S. "BENLAWERS"	London	London, Liverpool, Rotterdam, Hamburg		" Oct.	
S.S. "BENVORLICH"	London				

For Further Particulars, Apply To:

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Agents

York Building Telephone: 34105.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

ALLOTMENT OF DOLLARS FOR CHINA RECONSTRUCTION PLAN
MORE FUNDS MAY BE ALLOTTED

Washington, August 3. Mr. Charles Stillman, chief of the Economic Cooperation Administration technical mission, indicated today that ECA may allocate more than US\$60,000,000 out of China's US\$75,000,000 aid money for reconstruction.

Mr. Stillman, at a press conference after an extended conference with the ECA chief (Mr. Paul Hoffman), said he would leave for China next week to begin negotiations with the Chinese for United States aid in order to put the programme in shape.

He said that the previous ECA estimate that reconstruction would require only US\$60,000,000 was erroneous. He said requests from Chinese sources totalled US\$180,000,000 even after they were boiled down. He emphasized that the purpose of negotiations would be to set the final figure.

Mr. Stillman evaded most questions. He said the report drafted by his 11-man mission to China would be kept secret.

No Recommendations

"I don't know whether there will be a report," he said. "If there is a report, it will be a joint report made only after full and adequate discussion and negotiation with the Chinese. There won't be any recommendation from our mission."

Mr. Stillman refused to discuss Nanking reports that his mission had been forced to revise plans to concentrate funds below the Yangtze River.

"We went up there and saw the need and Mr. Lapham is up there now," he said.

He refused to discuss how much of a role United States business interests in Shanghai and other port cities would be allowed to play in handling ECA imports.

"They have been attacking it like a hawk, but we have not been able to give them an answer," said Mr. Stillman. —United Press.

NY COTTON

New York, August 4. Cotton futures were steady in slow dealings. Most traders awaited the government cotton crop forecast next Monday. Futures closed 15 cents a bale higher to 15 lower. October 33.75-34.00 and December 33.75-34.00.

Deliveries totalled 8,200 bales, of which 2,200 were official and 6,000 unofficial.

Plasters opened at \$11.82 1/4 a 100 and closed at \$11.80 at the 10th interval. There were no transactions in the afternoon.

Chinese National Currency futures opened at 9.4 cents and closed at 10 cents for CN\$10,000. Spot opened and closed at 11 cents, with an interval at 11.2 cents.

Ticals were unchanged at \$25.20 a 100; and NEI Gulders declined further to \$40.00 a 100.

U.S. dollars were firmer at \$5.39.

Sterling was unchanged at \$14.33, and so were Australian pounds at \$12.53.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claim will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 10th August, 1948 will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 8th and 7th August 1948 and consignees' representatives are requested to be present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents, Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

S.A.S. RAYSLIDE

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 8th August.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when examining damaged dutiable goods. All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Undersigned within fourteen days of the ship's arrival, or they will not be recognized.

No fire insurance will be effected.

No fire insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO. LTD.
Agents

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1948.

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1948.

London Stock Exchange

London, August 3.

Many dealers prolonged their August holiday and failed to return to the Stock Exchange today. The trading volume remained at a low ebb, and business that was recorded was mainly for the purpose of squaring positions in view of today being the last of the account.

A quiet firm tone was maintained in all sections. Oils made a promising start when gains of 1/22 were recorded by leaders. In industrials, however, these advances were not held and final prices were around the previous closing levels. Small movements continued to find their way into these issues, and gains of 1/16 were shown.

Tobaccos and breweries registered small improvements. The former were helped by the statement by the Imperial Tobacco Company which implied that supplies of tobacco would not be cut.

Speculators in Brazilian utilities were encouraged by the news that the Brazilian Senate had approved the repayment of capital of the San Paulo Railway Company. The price rose two points to 162 1/2.

Elsewhere, there was little change of note. Mining actions remained undisturbed, apart from some local and Cape buying of Middle West. These, together with other Free



Sailing for MARSEILLES via SAIGON

S.S. "CHAMPOLLION" on or about 7th Sept.

Sailing for SHANGHAI

S.S. "CHAMPOLLION" on or about 29th Aug.

For Passage and Freight Apply To:

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Queen's Building, Tel. 20051 (three lines)



1, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL

Telephones: 80381-8 Private Exchange.

Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. SAILINGS TO

"FOOCHOW" Shanghai 4 p.m. 5th Aug.
 "TSINAN" Swatow 4 p.m. 5th Aug.
 "HANYANG" Amoy, Foochow &
 Tientsin 10 a.m. 7th Aug.
 "NEWCHWANG" Singapore &
 Swatow 5 p.m. 7th Aug.
 "SHENGKING" Shanghai 5 p.m. 7th Aug.
 "PAKHOI" Yokohama &
 Kobe 4 p.m. 8th Aug.
 "TSINAN" Swatow 4 p.m. 10th Aug.
 "FENGTIEN" Yokohama &
 Kobe 4 p.m. 15th Aug.
 "SINKIANG" Amoy &
 Swatow 10 a.m. 16th Aug.
 "FOOCHOW" Spore Batavia, Sourabaya &
 Macassar 5 p.m. 21st Aug.
 "SINKIANG" Singapore, Palembang,
 Macassar, Sourabaya,
 Samarang &
 Batavia 4 p.m. 22nd Aug.
 "DAVIKEN" Swatow, Saigon &
 Bangkok 4 p.m. 24th Aug.

Ships from Custodian Wharf

ARRIVALS FROM

"SHENGKING" Shanghai &
 Keeling 7 a.m. 6th Aug.
 "SZECHUEN" Singapore 9th Aug.
 "NANCHANG" Korea, Japan &
 Keeling 11th Aug.
 "FENGTIEN" Spore & Bangkok 13th Aug.

RIVER SERVICE

"WATSHAN" Arrives from Canton 6 p.m. 6th Aug.
 Ships for Canton 9.30 a.m. 8th Aug.

"WUSUEH" in port

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U.K. SERVICE

Arrivals from
 "MEMNON" U.K. via Straits 8th Aug.
 "AENEAS" " 18th Aug.
 "ALCINOUS" " 19th Aug.

Arrivals to

"RHEXENOR" Casablanca, Liverpool and Glasgow via Port Said 12th Aug.
 "AENEAS" Liverpool & Glasgow via Port Said 14th Sept.

NEW YORK SERVICE

Arrivals from
 "MENESTHEUS" U.K. via U.S.A. Manila and Shanghai 3rd Sept.

Arrivals to

New York and Montreal via Suez 1st week Sept.

Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Arrivals from

"SHANSI" Sydney & Brisbane 1st Aug.
 "CHANGTE" " 11th August
 "SOOCHOW" " 31st August

Arrivals to

Sydney & Melbourne 4th week Aug.

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.

General Agents for SKYWAYS (FAR EAST) Ltd.
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 BOOKING Agents for: C.P.A., B.O.A.C., C.N.A.C.,
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MAERSK LINE
 A. E. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.
 Moller Steamship Company Inc. New York
 General Agents in U.S.A.

MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA,
 BALTIMORE, BOSTON VIA SAN FRANCISCO,
 LOS ANGELES AND PANAMAM.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Arriving noon
 M.S. "TREIN MAERSK" Aug. 26

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk

ARRIVALS FROM NEW YORK AND
 OTHER U.S. PORTS

M.S. "TREIN MAERSK" In port

M.S. "LEISE MAERSK" August 8

M.S. "CORNELIUS MAERSK" August 26

For Passage and Further Particulars please apply to:

JESSEN & CO. Tel. No. 2460-2
 Pedder Building

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

CANTON (P. & O.) K. Whr.
 COURIER (U.L.L.) ex-Shanghai, America
 MAURITIUS (Jardine) ex-Shanghai, 10
 VAN HOUTEN (H.L.L.) ex-Singapore, 11
 YUCHOW (H. & B.) ex-Amoy, British
 1,140 tons 12

TODAY

DOUGAINVILLE (Bank Line) ex-
 Manila (U.S.L.) ex-Atlanta, Ports
 BATTLE (U.L.L.) ex-Atlanta, Ports
 REDEVERETE (Everett) ex-Manila, 11
 STAGHOUND (U.L.L.) ex-Manila 11
 TURKHEAD (U.L.L.) ex-Shanghai,

TOMORROW

CHOO RANG (Jardine) ex-Tientsin,
 SHENGKING (H. & B.) ex-Shanghai,
 GLENROY (Jardine) ex-Shanghai,
 PRER. CLEVELAND (A.P.L.) ex-Ban
 Prasop

Shipping Departures

YESTERDAY

MARCHEN MAERSK (Jensen) for San
 Francisco, 10
 RONVILLE (Bank Line) for Singapore,
 RUY (U.L.L.) for Shanghai and Japan,
 PRER. CLEVELAND (A.P.L.) Round the
 world trip.

PRER. JEFFERSON (A.P.L.) for San
 Francisco

TJIBADAK (U.L.L.) for Batavia.

TOMORROW

BOUAINVILLE (Bank Line) for
 Pacific Coast, Ports
 NELLORE (Mac. Mac.) for Australia,

Vessels In Port

AMARANTHUS (Wheelock), Flower Cove
 ANNLOCK (Wilson), Flower Cove
 BURBWOOD (Mac. Mac.) Kin, Dk
 CANTON (P. & O.) K. Whr.
 CHANG HSING (Eastern) T. K.
 CLOVERLOCK (Wo. Far. Bling) Vint.
 COURIER (U.L.L.) At
 EMP. TERN (Williamson) Kow, Dk
 GLENARTNEY (Jardine) Amoy, HAI TAN (Douglas) Kow, Dk

TODAY

FOOCHOW for Shanghai 11.14
 SWATOW 4 p.m. 5th Aug.

TOMORROW

BOUAINVILLE (Bank Line) for
 Pacific Coast, Ports

ARRIVALS

TODAY

CHOO RANG (Jardine) ex-Tientsin,
 STAGHOUND (U.L.L.) ex-Shanghai, 11
 VAN HOUTEN (H.L.L.) for Batavia.

TOMORROW

DOUGAINVILLE (Bank Line) ex-
 Manila, 10 a.m. 16th Aug.

ARRIVALS

TODAY

BRITAIN VICTORY (U.S.L.) ex-San
 Francisco, 11.45 a.m. ex-Shanghai
 CASTLEVILLE (Bank Line) ex-
 Pacific Coast, Ports

TOMORROW

CATC ex-Shanghai via Amoy, Canton:
 3.45 p.m. ex-Nanking via Nanchang
 Canton: 6.00 p.m. ex-Canton: 9.20

TOMORROW

DEUTSCHER (A.P.L.) ex-San Francisco
 PRER. TERN (A.P.L.) ex-San Francisco
 SELMA SALEM (W. Hunt) ex-
 Atlantic Coast, Ports

TOMORROW

FERNWOOD (Thoresen) ex-Atlantic
 Coast, Ports

ARRIVALS

TODAY

FOOCHOW ex-Shanghai: 10.55 a.m.
 PAN-AMERICAN ex-San Francisco via
 Honolulu, Wake, Guam, Manila: 2.15
 p.m.

TOMORROW

FOOCHOW ex-Shanghai: 3.20 p.m.
 PAN-AMERICAN ex-San Francisco via
 Honolulu, Wake, Tokyo, Shanghai: 1.30
 p.m.

SATURDAY

FOOCHOW ex-Shanghai: 11.45 a.m. ex-
 Bangkok: 1.30 p.m. ex-Huohou via
 Canton: 5.50 p.m. ex-Amoy via
 Swatow: 1.15 p.m. ex-Canton: 4.20

TOMORROW

FOOCHOW ex-Shanghai: 3 p.m.
 ex-Canton: 10.55 a.m. 1.15 p.m.

TOMORROW

FOOCHOW ex-Shanghai: 3 p.m.
 ex-Canton: 1.15 p.m. 2.55 p.m.

TOMORROW

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TOMORROW

FOOCHOW ex-Shanghai: 3 p.m.
 ex-Canton: 1.15 p.m. 2.55 p.m.

TOMORROW

BUREN
THE PERFECT
SWISS WATCH

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1948.

Wholesale Shattering Of Olympic Records In 4 Days

London, August 3. One world and 15 Olympic records lay broken at the feet of the earth's best athletes and swimmers as the fourth day of competition in the games ended tonight. The day had seen a wholesale slaughter of old statistics.

The first world record fell to four United States swimmers who won the men's 800 metres relay in eight minutes 46 seconds, beating Japan's 1936 record at Berlin by 5.5 seconds. The American team tonight fought the greatest Olympic swimming team race of all time when Hungary was beaten by just over four yards in the relay race—a distance of 874 yards two feet nine inches—but both teams broke the world record.

Sixty thousand people at Wembley Stadium saw three other records go by the board—the 80 metres women's hurdles, the 10,000 metres walk and the putting the shot.

Other Olympic figures to die a watery death in the Empire Pool, Wembley, were the women's 100 metres back stroke and the women's 200 metres breast stroke—the latter broken by Holland's wonder swimmer, Nel Van Vliet, and the Australian girl Nancy Lyons, and the Hungarian Eva Novak, who were second and third.

But the 80,000 spectators—the lowest attendance so far—leaving Wembley Stadium tonight were eagerly discussing the action of British Olympic officials in dropping Reg Harris, the world's cycle sprint champion and a British hope for a gold medal.

He was dropped from the British team because he refused to train in the same conditions as the London cycling track at Herne Hill as the cycle teams from 20 other competing nations. The decision to drop Harris was only taken after last-minute telephone calls to Harris' Manchester home, 200 miles away.

Brilliant Raco.

Honours in the men's 200 metres again went to the United States, but today, for the first time since 1932, it was a white American, McF. Patton, who breached the tape in a brilliantly-run race, the 23-year-old student flashed past the tape in 21.1 seconds. Ewell, also of the United States team, was second in 21.1 seconds, while Lloyd Labouch, of Panama, came in third in 21.2 seconds. Herbert McKinley, of Jamaica, came in fourth.

In heat three, J. Davies, of Australia, also beat the Berlin record with one minute, 18.4 seconds, although she had the easiest win of all four heats. Captain W.O.G. Grut, Swedish artillery officer, made Olympic history today when he won the swimming contest of the modern pentathlon—an event which gave him victory in three of the contest's five events and assured him of the championship.

Champion To Retire

No previous competitor in the modern pentathlon has won more than two events. Captain Grut won the riding event, tied for first place in the fencing, and on the 300 metres swimming event in four minutes 17 seconds—less than two seconds outside the Olympic record.

Captain Grut, pentathlon champion of Sweden five times since 1938, said that today's Olympic event was his last pentathlon appearance.

Delicate Problems To Preserve Peace

London, August 3. Delicate moves were taking place behind the Olympics scene today to preserve diplomatic peace. A Cabinet Minister intervened officially after a stream of complaints about transport arrangements.

Pakistani wrestlers were disqualified from the free style competition because they were late for the weigh-in through a transport muddle, and other competitors have complained that Gains' transport did not arrive to take them back to their camps for meals.

Officials said that when they asked for cars there were none available. The Minister, it was learned, had suggested to the Game's organization that competitors and officials left without transport should be authorized to hire taxis and charge them up to the organizers.

A number of diplomats have followed allegations of poor differing from Olympic officials.

London, August 3.

earth's best athletes and swimmers as the fourth day of competition in the games ended tonight. The day had seen a

Mrs. Victoria Manalo Draves, wife of a Los Angeles electric engineer, won the women's Olympic springboard diving champion at the Wembley Pool.

Mrs. Draves whose father is a

Philippines, announced she now intends to retire from competitive diving so that she can settle down and have babies.

The Tower Diving, which may enable her to become a double Olympic champion on Friday, will end her competition, she said. She won the springboard title today.

"That's all," said her husband, Lyle Draves, an electrical engineer and former Mid-West diving champion in Iowa. "We are going to settle down now. She's retiring."

They said they wanted five babies.

Mrs. Draves was born in San Francisco. Her mother, Mrs. Gertrude Taylor Manalo of San Francisco, was born in London.

Associated Press.

Champion Plans To Rear Five

Wembley, August 4.

The new Olympic Diving queen, 23-year-old Victoria Manalo Draves of Filipino and English parentage, announced plans to become a full time housewife and rear a big family.

The Tower Diving, which may enable her to become a double Olympic champion on Friday, will end her competition, she said. She won the springboard title today.

"That's all," said her husband, Lyle Draves, an electrical engineer and former Mid-West diving champion in Iowa. "We are going to settle down now. She's retiring."

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Associated Press.

Preventing Profiteering

London, August 3.

Lord Burghley, Chairman of the British Olympic Organising Committee, said tonight that the Committee has done all it could to prevent profiteering in Olympic tickets.

There have been complaints that tickets were being sold to foreign officials and competitors.

Lord Burghley said he has given permission to the Finnish Olympic President for surplus Games' tickets held by his delegation to be resold at the official prices.

Reuter.

Shanghai Footballers Arrive

The Shanghai football team, which had a very successful stay in Manila arrived in the Colony yesterday morning by air.

The team stayed 22 days in Manila and played nine games, losing only one.

They are leaving for Shanghai tomorrow.

Mr. V.K. Hui told the "China Mail" that several games had to be re-arranged owing to the rain. They were well treated and enjoyed their stay there. Mr. Hui said that he did not expect much good football in Shanghai next season.

Lester batted chancely in both his innings. He was 125 not out in his first knock, baving and hitting 18 fours, while he made 132 in two hours 20 minutes in the second innings. His chief hits being one 4 and 17 fours.

A number of matches were interrupted during the three days by rain.

Reuter.

Thrills At Hove

At Hove it looked as if the

match would be abandoned as a draw, but eventually Sussex gained first innings' points off the last ball of extra time.

Derbyshire remain at the top of the County championship table, although they lost first innings' points against Warwickshire. They have 136 points from 20 games, while Glamorgan are still second, four points behind, but now with one game in hand. Yorkshire remain third with 124 points from 18 games.

The game between the Australian and Glamorgan was abandoned without a ball being bowled today, owing to the wet pitch.

Reuter.

Lawn Tennis

U.S.R.C. v C.R.C. "B"

In the second Division of the Lawn Tennis League matches yesterday USRC lost to CRC "B" by 2-7, while SCAA "C" beat CRC "C" by 6-2 to 2-2 sets.

Captain Macrae and F. H. Rodger (USRC):

lost to C. Cheng and S. N. To 1-3

lost to M. K. Tam and F. K. Lau 6-3

lost to H. Chan and P. N. Poon 3-3

lost to Rogers 80.

At Manchester, Lancashire drew

with Yorkshire, Yorkshire 389

and 241 for 5 (Le for 132): Lancashire 301 for 5 decided.

At Canterbury: Kent drew with Hampshire, Kent 390 for 9, declared; Hampshire 163 and 228 for 223 for 8.

At Gloucester: Gloucester drew

with Middlesex, Gloucester 389

and 241 for 5 (Le for 132): Middlesex 301 for 5 decided.

At Birmingham: Match between

Warwickshire and Derbyshire

abandoned. Derbyshire 99 and

120 for no wicket; Warwickshire

lost to Cheng and To 2-6

lost to Tam and Lui 4-6

lost to Chan and Poon 2-2

S.C.A.A. "A" v C.R.C. "C"

J. Heu and P. Poon (SCAA "A")

beat C. K. Lee and Y. Y. Lam 6-3

beat E. Lee and A. Lum 6-3

lost to F. Y. Choy and M. Lee 6-3

S. Wong and T. K. Liang (SCAA "A")

beat C. K. Lee and Y. Y. Lam 6-3

drew with E. Lee and A. Lum 6-3

lost to F. Y. Choy and M. Lee 6-3

Lam Kwan and H. G. Kwok (SCAA "A")

beat C. K. Lee and Y. Y. Lam 6-3

beat E. Lee and A. Lum 6-3

lost to F. Y. Choy and M. Lee 6-3

lost to F. Y. Choy and M. Lee 6-3

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